Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning except Sunday and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily will be published every Saturday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 620 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

L. S. STERNS. H. C. SWAIT.

STERNS & SMALL,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

PORTLAND, OREGON

Will practice their profession in the various Courts of Oregon and adjacent Territories.

Collections made, and all kinds of legal business attended to with diligence.

Claims against the United States Government promptly adjusted.

H. C. SWAIT, L. Notary Public.

OFFICE, No. 10, Carter's New Brick Building, corner of Front and Alder streets. dec6dtf

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.

DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORVEA,

PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS.

Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins,

Corner of Front and Washington Streets,

PORTLAND. dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PRODUCE,

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

NUTS OF ALL KINDS,

SEGARS, TOBACCO PIPES, STATIONARY, CUTLERY,

Yankee Notions, &c.,

FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and South Sea Island CORAL SHELLS always on hand.

Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS

Corner of Front and Washington Sts.,

Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.

P.S.—Orders promptly filled. nov2dtf

G. L. Hibbard & Co,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the Sale of

OREGON PRODUCE and GROCERIES

No. 14 Taylor St., between Front and First,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

jan7 d3mwtf

To the Citizens of Oregon!

A. H. FRANCIS,

FOR many years a Merchant in Portland, has opened a Commission House in Victoria, V. I. for the sale of all kinds of flour, grain, bacon, butter, eggs, apples, &c., &c. All those having such articles to dispose of, and are desirous of turning them speedily into cash, at fair prices, will be accommodated by shipping to A. H. F., Victoria, V. I. My well known reputation as a merchant in Portland and my acquaintances and large trade in Victoria since 1859, will, I venture to say, be sufficient guarantee that every attention to quick and safe sales, and prompt remittances subject to the order of the consignor will be strictly adhered to. My business shall be strictly CASH. I would recommend shippers to ship the best quality of articles.

dec27dtf1mlp A. H. FRANCIS.

Brooms! Brooms!

BOLTER BROTHERS

HAVE REMOVED THEIR BROOM FACTORY TO Front street, opposite O. N. Co.'s Wharf where they are now making the BEST QUALITY OF BROOMS ever offered in this market.

They are satisfied that they can furnish merchants and the people of Oregon with better and cheaper Brooms than they can get from California or elsewhere.

Please call and examine our Brooms and satisfy yourselves of the fact. E. G. BOLTER.

nov23d3m G. T. BOLTER.

Empire Market,

Corner Washington and First Sts., and Pacific Market,

No. 2, Couch's Addition.

I WILL KEEP ON HAND all the varieties of FRESH AND CURED MEATS that the market affords for sale at either of the above Markets, at Wholesale or Retail.

Give me a call, one and all, and we will try to make you all satisfied. (jal3dtf) A. H. JOHNSON.

Notice.

THE PUBLIC, ESPECIALLY ALL PERSONS WHO have heretofore transacted business with WELLS FARGO & CO. are notified that a consolidation of interests and business between WELLS, FARGO & CO. THE PIONEER STAGE CO. THE HOLLADAY OVERLAND MAIL AND EXPRESS CO., THE OVERLAND MAIL CO., THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS CO. AND THE CANADIAN EXPRESS CO. has taken place, and been effected under a Charter granted by the Territorial Legislature of Colorado; and that all the business heretofore done by either of these Companies west of the Missouri River, or between New York San Francisco and the China Seas, will hereafter be carried on by WELLS, FARGO & CO., under the Act of Incorporation referred to.

LOUIS McLANE,

President of Wells Fargo & Co.

New York, December 10th, 1866. jan17d1m

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

S. W. Corner of Bush and Sansome Sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

TUBBS & PATTEN, Proprietors.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, WHICH IN CONstruction and all its appointments, is second to no other establishment in the United States, having, since the 1st inst., passed under the control of the undersigned will be carried on by them as a strictly First-class House in every particular. No pains or expense will be spared to render it attractive to the travelling community. Its situation being central—near business and amusements—it offers great inducements to all who may be visiting the city, and those who favor us with their patronage may feel assured of receiving all the care and attention it is in our power to bestow.

TUBBS & PATTEN

San Francisco, Dec. 15, 1866. jan9d1p3m

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THIS CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between the undersigned in the Brewery business at East Portland Oregon is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the undersigned should be presented for payment at the Brewery in East Portland.

HENRY LUDWIG

PETER JOHNS

The undersigned will still continue to keep on hand at the Brewery in East Portland a good stock of

LAGER and BOCK BEER,

and will deliver the same to customers on short notice.

HENRY LUDWIG

WILLIAM WEISER.

East Portland, Jan. 15, 1867. dtf

LUMBER YARD!

SUTTON & CO.

WHARF FOOT OF ALDER STREET,

Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Redwood Lumber.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned Lumber, constantly on hand. feb24dtf

Banking.

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital $1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000!

HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.

AGENCIES.

NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and P. CUNDRY, (Agents for Bank of Montreal.)

IN CANADA:

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Brantford	Guelph,	Simcoe,
London,	Brockville	Goderich,	St. Catharines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1 000.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS bearing Interest issued for money lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS Discounted and Collected; and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.

GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

Portland February 1 1866. ja10 4plf

NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THIS HOUSE HAS RECENTLY BEEN EXTENsively refurnished, Rooms Newly Furnished, A Baggage Wagon will attend the Steamers to bring baggage to the House. dec6dtf

TAYLOR'S HOTEL,

169 FRONT STREET,

(UP STAIRS.)

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN S. WHITE, - - - Proprietor.

THIS House has been thoroughly refitted and furnished throughout, and will now offer first class accommodations.

Board by the week	$5 00
" by the day	1 00
Single Meals,	50
Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge.	

jan4 dtf

LAFAYETTE

RESTAURANT AND ROTISSERIE,

Under the Orc Fino Hall,

FIRST STREET PORTLAND.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THE PLEASURE OF announcing to the public in general that on Thursday the 11th inst. he will be found in the same premises as the Restaurant Lafayette, of Victoria.

Portland, October 8th, 1866. oct 13 y

PIERRE MANCHET.

LINCOLN HOUSE!

Corner Washington and Front Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

N. C. MATTHIESEN,

OF THE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL VICTORIA, HAT to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone which is in power of the proprietor to do, and a continuance of the public patronage is solicited.

Portland, August 4th 1866. dtf

New Columbian,

116, 120 and 122 Front St., cor. Morrison.

GOOD NEWS!

THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly furnished and now ready for the reception of guests, the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call at PRICES TO SUIT. The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, handsomely finished and furnished throughout, and has every facility for accommodating with comfort to all guests, a hundred people.

The DINING ROOM is large and commodious, and the tables will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting no house to excel it either in quality or variety.

A large fire proof Safe for the deposit of valuables.

Baggage taken to the Hotel FREE OF CHARGE. Horse cars pass the door.

Board per week $5. Board and Lodging $7 to $10.

The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests and respectfully solicits the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public.

dec26dtf I. B. SINNOTT, Proprietor.

Mansion House,

No. 143 Front Street, Portland, Oregon

E. CARNEY, PROPRIETOR.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.

☞ HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT. ☜

A FIRE PROOF SAFE FOR THE SECURITY OF VALUABLES.

TERMS

Board and Lodging per week	$5 00
Board and Lodging per day	1 00
Single Meals,	25
Lodgings	25

The MANSION HOUSE BAGGAGE WAGON will always be at the wharf to take baggage FREE of charge.

jan16dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

Corner of North Front and C Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Portland and the travelling community that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call in a manner and at prices to suit the times.

THE GLOBE HOUSE is NEW. The tables and rooms are large, well ventilated and elegantly furnished with carpets &c. &c. The table will always be supplied with the very best the market affords.

It will be the constant and earnest endeavor of the proprietor to conduct the GLOBE HOTEL as to give entire satisfaction to his guests. He would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

PHILIP SCHADE.

jan3 1m

GOOD GRUB AND PLENTY OF IT!

AT THE

Bennett House,

SALEM OREGON

L. JAY S. TURNEY,

HAVING LEASED THE ABOVE NAMED HOTEL is prepared to accommodate the traveling public and OLD RESIDENTS in as good style as any House on the Coast. He has determined to make the Bennett as good as the best and better than any public house in Salem. He will spare no expense or improvement which will add greatly to its appearance and comfort, and into its merit and hopes to receive his share of patronage.

He has secured the services of Charley (known to the best cook in Salem and one of the best in the whole country) a dozen competent persons to manage the culinary department, and is resolved to set as good a table as can be found anywhere—not to clap trap pomp and show, flummery and fine furniture but an abundant supply of the very best the market affords.

His Bar room will be kept warmed and lighted, and well supplied with newspapers, periodicals and other suitable reading matter, and kept in a manner which will make it an agreeable resort.

In short he intends making an effort to please all who stop at the Bennett House. And he must respectfully requests his friends every where to give the old and well known stand at least one more trial before concluding they can do as well elsewhere and promises if they are not well treated and properly cared for, and at reasonable figures it will not be the fault of the public's most obedient and most humble servant.

L. JAY S. TURNEY.

N. B.—Furnished rooms with or without board by the day, week or month at the Bennett, charges moderate.

L. J. S. T.

Salem Oregon Nov 1st 1866. dtf

Nucleus Hotel.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO their friends and the public that they have opened that large and commodious and first-class house known as the

"NUCLEUS,"

situated on the corner of Market and 3d streets, San Francisco. The house is supplied with all the modern improvements necessary to constitute a first class House—Hot and Cold Water Baths, all roughout—and is surpassed by no first class house in the city. Situated in a pleasant part of the city and its surroundings. The well known reputation of the proprietors will be sufficient guarantee that the table will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season at the market affords. We feel confident that we are able to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

ja 1d1y STERRY & HESS.

NEW YORK BAKERY

F. C. HORNUNG,

9 North Front Street,

PORTLAND OREGON

KEEPS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF all kinds of BISCUITS and PROVISIONS of superior quality at low rates.

Also, of his own manufacture all kinds of CRACKERS, PILOT BREAD, FIG CAKES and BREAD.

Also, a choice lot of RELIANCE CAVIAR by the package to suit purchasers.

A supply of OLD STANDARD BRANDY by the gallon.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to. sept1 1y

Morning Star Saloon,

43 and 44 First Street

NEWLY FITTED UP

FREE CONCERT!

EVERY EVENING

Gents will be waited upon by YOUNG LADIES.

CHARLES BLUM,

jal dtf Proprietor.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

Wells, Fargo & Co's

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT TO IDAHO!

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 1ST 1866 UNTIL further notice our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City	28	cents per pound
" Idaho City	38	" "
" Ruby City	48	" " "

Portland Dec 1 1866. WELLS FARGO & CO.

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S

PIONEER LINE OF

Concord Coaches!

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 8 o'clock for Idaho City and all intermediate points.

HAILEY & CO. Proprietors

jan2d1mtf and JOE PINKHAM Agent.

FOR MONTANA!

Freight and Passage Reduced!

THE NEW STEAMER

Sarah, MARY MOODY,

CAPT. ROBERT COLLEY Master.

Will leave her Landing at Peu d'Oreille Lake

FOR CABINET RAPIDS!

ON

MONDAY AND FRIDAY AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

Returning,

Will leave Cabinet Rapids on TUESDAY and SATURDAY at the same hour.

PASSAGE	$ 3 00
ANIMALS	2 50
FREIGHT (per ton weight)	10 00

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to June 30 1866. dtf Z. F. MOODY, Agent.

Frankenthal & Haas,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Umatilla, Oregon.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR friends and the public that they will have completed by March 1st 1867 a large (40 by 80)

Fire Proof Building!

For the storage of freight.

Goods will be received, forwarded and stored at owners risk; freights advanced and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business strictly attended to.

jan5dtf FRANKENTHAL & HAAS.

NOTICE.

FORWARDING

TO

Montana and Idaho!

FREE OF CHARGE!

BY

M. AINSA, JR., Merchant,

UMATILLA OREGON

☞ Mark Goods care of M. A. Umatilla. sa6dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

UMATILLA, OREGON

GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON IDAHO AND OWYHEE and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.

☞ Consignments of Goods solicited.

References:

Jacob Underhill & Co. | Allen & Lewis,

Geo. C. Johnson & Co. | Portland Oregon

San Francisco

Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla.

aug8dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WALLULA, W. T.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.

All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.

☞ Mark Goods care of F. & F., Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON

Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of

Groceries and Liquors.

feb21 dtf

THE NATIONAL COLLEGE

OF

BUSINESS AND COMMERCE!

Corner Alder and Front Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

Superior Advantages!

THIS COLLEGE RANKS FIRST ON THE COAST and offers advantages for acquiring a Practical Business Education superior to any other school.

THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

Is conducted on the plan of the best Commercial Colleges in Europe and the Atlantic States combining

THEORY AND PRACTICE,

By means of Banks and Business Offices the Institution affords the Student with all the different kinds of business in the shortest possible time and least expense.

THE BUSINESS COURSE!

Embraces Book Keeping (by Single and Double Entry) Penmanship Commercial Calculations Correspondence Commercial Law Actual Business, Lectures on Accounts Business Customs Mercantile Pilots &c.

TERMS

Scholarship embracing the whole Business Course, Regular and Special Lectures, with privilege of review during any future time $50.

N. B.—A deposit of $10 will be required on all Scholarships issued before the 1st of December 1866.

For further particulars call at the College or address

M. K. LAUDENSLAGER,

President National College Portland Oregon.

dec 24 1y

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWing Machine within One Thousand Miles of this Office that is not working well, it will be attended to if I am informed of it, without expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, General Agent, 111 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

nov8 1aw1p3m

Mining Tools,

A LARGE STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

A Reminiscence of 49

The following unvarnished and truthful statement sets the Owyhee Avalanche of a character of all our adventures in the history of gold hunting, on the Pacific Coast and but few of which will ever find a pen to place them on record. This experience is written for a California journal, but we have been permitted to publish it first believing we could obtain nothing that would be of more interest.

Having often been requested to give a written account of an adventure to which I was a party in the early days of California, I with some diffidence comply believing that there are those whose interest in myself and in the history of the times of which I write is sufficient to induce them to receive the narration of a single instance of the privations to which I in common with thousands, were subject before the days of railroads, steamboats or even stage coaches in the Valley of the Sacramento or its waters—if not with pleasurable interest, at least without positive repugnance.

On the 10th day of November 1849 I, G. Bell, H. I. Simpson and myself having completed a canoe dug from a species of timber known as Digger Pine set sail from the mouth of Middle Creek in Shasta county intending to navigate the Sacramento river to its mouth, or until we should find employment by which to gain a livelihood which we erroneously concluded could not be procured in Redding's Diggings in consequence of the water in the gulches which had driven us out of our claim where we had hitherto found lucrative employment in picking gold out of the dry dirt with our butcher knives. Bell sat in the bow, Simpson amidships and I in the stern each with a paddle with which to propel our craft and guide her as her course down the unknown stream. Having been a flat boatman of some experience on the Mississippi the post of steersman or captain was assigned me by common consent and out I prepared to an old broad horn' pilot whom we had all known on those waters, my comrades bestowed upon me the subriquet by which he was known from the Upper Wabash to the Dalize viz, Old Safety. The name which he had acquired by the peculiar manner in which he pronounced the word safety when distributing upon his success as a steersman in never having lost a boat etc.

I gave her straight Safety was the word as we glided out into the stream now swollen to a flood by the early rains of that remarkably wet season and eyed swiftly down the broad reach that opened out before us. Everything went lovely for about an hour and a half and we had already begun to anticipate our arrival at Sacramento City and to form plans of operation after the event. Those little speculations, however were brought to a speedy termination on arriving at what we have since known as the Clear Creek Rapids which notwithstanding the swollen state of the stream, still revealed themselves in the shape of blowy swells that dashed the water into our boat nearly filling her and saturating our provisions and baggage as if we had all been immersed in the river. This trouble over we all set to work with might and main to bale her out but while thus engaged, a new terror presented itself in the distance. An island suddenly bore in sight on either side of which the waves were dashing to the height of several feet and threatening destruction whether we went to the right or to the left. On nearing the island, however, we concluded that by keeping near its left hand shore where the water appeared smoother than elsewhere we might make the trip in safety and to this purpose bent all our energies hugging the island bank as closely as possible. About midway of its length we discovered when too late to avoid it to our great consternation, a channel cutting it in two. Into this rushing turbulent torrent drift logs and other floating debris were being drawn and whirled about like straws in a whirlwind. We at once saw that in avoiding Scylla we were about to flounder on Charybdis. Here began earnest work every man paddling for dear life to avoid the Maelstrom into which we were rushing to destruction. We made every possible effort to escape but to no purpose. We were drawn into the mouth of the chute, but had given such an impetus to our canoe that she ran across and struck a willow on the point of the island and sunk almost in the twinkling of an eye, leaving us all sprawling in the water. Fortunately the willows stood so close together that we were enabled to reach from one to the other until we dragged ourselves in this way to near the bank of the island, where the water was only about waist deep. Here we held a consultation. A mighty river rolled between us and the land on either side and to attempt to swim it either way was to expose ourselves to perils in which life could have but small advantage over death for each doubted his ability to reach the shore. To remain where we were was sure death, as already our limbs were becoming stiff in the ice cold water only a few hours from Shasta Butte. We had to choose and that quickly between certain death on the island and a precarious attempt to reach the shore by swimming. Just then some lad ass appeared upon the eastern shore and gazed at us as if they had never seen a white man before as some of them probably never had. We made every sign of which we were masters to induce them to come to our rescue. We pulled off our coats shirts hats and boots and held them up as an inducement, but they refused the tempting offer and we, in the last agonies of despair threw away on the water all our clothing except pantaloons and struck out for the western bank. Bell being more expert in the water than Simpson and myself reached the land with comparative ease before he had passed the foot of the island while we battled with the current as manfully as we could, keeping close together, until we had drifted down over a half a mile and were nearing the shore when Simpson cramped and told me he could hold out no longer and must sink unless I could help him. I knew that to be a hopeless case unless I could reach bottom, for my strength was exhausted too much to be of the least assistance in swimming water. I accordingly cautiously lowered myself down and to my infinite delight touched the bottom and reaching out my hand took hold of him dragged him ashore and up the bank out of the water. Here we lay for a moment to rest and on attempting to rise found that neither of us had any use of his limbs, which had become so benumbed by the cold water as to be useless as a means of locomotion. After rubbing ourselves we managed to hobble up the bank and met Bell who had despaired of ever seeing us again and was searching along the bank for our bodies. Here we were in a wild Indian country, no shoes coats or hats, no human habitation in many miles, night coming on and the weather stormy. We were almost frantic with alarm and only the sheer necessity of the situation could keep up courage sufficient to enable us to move at all. We started back up the river in hope of finding a trading post at the mouth of Clear Creek but were disappointed everything having been removed to Shasta. We met a man however by the name of Mallat who gave us a pair of blankets. With these we started for Reading's Ranch at the mouth of Cottonwood. Our feet were already sore, although we had only walked three or four miles. We trudged along the best we could until nearly dark when as good luck would have it we came to a herder's camp and stopped for the night. Mr. R. Baskett now County Clerk of Umatilla County Oregon was I believe keeping stock there for Capt. Ben Hudspeth. We happened to arrive when they were entirely out of provisions but one man was out hunting, and they hoped to have meat when he returned. We spread our blanket down before the fire and all three crowded ourselves on it drawing the other over us and went to sleep. About three o'clock the hunter returned with a deer before him on his horse which was a signal for all hands to come to supper. The deer was soon dressed and each man had a piece on a stick and roasting it at the fire. The ceremony was repeated again and I again until early daylight when it was discovered that Simpson had nearly devoured all that was eatable. Possessing in the morning a foot so sound and weary but much refreshed we started on our painful journey walking that day only about ten miles when we came upon a quite Wheeling settlements of Sam Neal's Ranch where we remained over Sunday. On Monday we went about twenty miles and encamped near where the town of Red Bluff now stands, having two large fires some distance apart in making our beds between them one remaining on watch to keep the fires burning while the other two slept. A plentiful crop of acorns furnished us with supper and breakfast. Here we learned the art of roasting acorns as a means of rendering them palatable. Next day we reached Moon's Ranch having passed that of Hoppitality in the way of a goodly mess of beef which they were roasting as in the case with old California times. This day's experience was to be the last of beef to keep.

At these ranches we had confidently expected to obtain shoes but found that the Indians had used up every cast off garment that could be found including shoes which would have been useless to us in our crippled condition had we got them our feet being too sore to wear them. Leaving Moon's in the morning we obtained a handkerchief full of crackers and a bottle of molasses with which to fortify our urgency. Arriving at Stony Creek and finding it deep we halted on the shore before starting to wade it and while there drank up the molasses and threw the bottle into the creek.

The rains had ceased the weather cold and frosty the water terribly cold and our feet sore and festering all conspiring to render us as uncomfortable as possible, as it now appears in the retrospect. Nevertheless as I remember our jokes and the avidity with which we ascended the grape laden sycamores of the bottoms and the gusto with which we devoured the luscious fruit that hung in such lavish profusion from the wild vines among the boughs I cannot mee contemplate the journey with emotions akin to pleasure. Crossing Stony Creek which was up to our armpits we came out in rather a demoralized condition so much so indeed that we soon halted to dry ourselves and rest for the night in the first bend of the river below what was afterwards known as Munroeville. We had seen no white man this day and only a few Indians who were encamped near our fire. We went to their rancheria and demanded food which they were ready enough to furnish in the shape of dried salmon, which upon trial our stomachs rejected in consequence of the fetid odor and taste of which it was possessed. Falling back upon acorns by way of bread and grapes to serve as meat and drink, we fared sumptuously night and morning having passed the night between two log heaps as before described and started out bright and early towards the settlements. We found our progress growing slower day by day in consequence of the sore and swollen condition of our bare feet which had now assumed proportions nearly twice their ordinary size. At noon we stopped built a fire roasted about a peck of acorns and made a cup of tea in an oyster can the ingredients being water and sycamore twigs. We have never made any sycamore tea since and probably never shall. This night we reached an abandoned rancho formerly known as Williams but now the property of John Boggs. We had decided to open the adobe house and pass the night within its dilapidated walls but looking down the river saw a smoke at no great distance and went to see who and caused it. Here we found a brother of Governor Matthews of Mississippi, who in descending the river in company with General Wilson and family from Lassen's ranch had gone ashore in quest of game and was then on the boat having gone on without him. In him we found a most genial companion. We remained with him over night roasted acorns at his fire and in the morning, we all breakfasted in the same grove remaining two or three hours in the branches before we became satisfied. This day we traveled together until noon when we came to a fork in the road some time after passing the present site of Colusa. The right hand led via Lone Tree to Cochrane's ranch on Cache creek and the left had recently been made by Governor Shannon formerly of Ohio who with his party had been wrecked in what is known as the Iron Canyon and were also making their way to Sacramento City. We preferred to keep the old road to avoid the long jog while our new found friend determined to keep near the river in hopes to overtake his boat and party. That night we encamped at the Lone Tree, which was an oak heavily laden with our staff of life and of which we made good use.

At sunrise the next morning, I arose and walked to a little eminence overlooking the valley which we had temporarily left for the foot hills of "red lands" and there beheld a sight the like of which I never expect to look upon again. In a beautiful valley containing several hundred acres covered with a luxuriant growth of wild oats clover and other grasses were a countless herd of antelope, deer, and an occasional elk filling the valley almost entirely, some lying down, some grazing and some skipping about like kittens at play. How we felt the want of those rifles rifles and pistols now lying in soak at the bottom of the Sacramento more than a hundred miles away. But it was useless to cry for spilt milk so we marched at a slow pace until nearly night when we met a man on horseback who informed us that twelve miles further only by between us and Cochrane's where we could procure a square meal sound sleep etc., and hand in as a bottle of brandy from his saddle-bags galloped off and left us. If we had any intention of camping that night, a few consultations with the bottle determined us to push on, and we did. Coming to a deep but narrow stream one of the party who carried the bottle, found himself unable to leap it and retain a perpendicular position. He accordingly cleared the water, but fell back headfore most into the stream and was dragged up the bank by the heels in a strangled and damaged condition. After drinking, to his miraculous escape we moved on and reached Cochrane's about ten o'clock at night having smelt the fragrance of frying beef and venison steak at least two miles before we reached the place. To say that grub of all kinds disappeared at a marvellous rate would be a feeble description of the scene at the table. Suffice it to say that in the morning we were refreshed but not hungry—a cup of coffee and a hot biscuit and gravy being quite sufficient for our appetites. Here we were offered shoes but were unable to wear them and we walked on to Fremont at the mouth of Feather river next day, where we remained until February, having in the meantime thoroughly recovered from the hardships of the trip.

Having now brought our narrative and selves into a land of plenty it would seem superfluous to add anything further though I may as well remark that our advent into Fremont created quite a sensation among the curious, who flocked around to get a look at our bark naked forms and to avoid which we concealed ourselves in the store of Crow & Wambo and at once began to select clothing in which to make a more decent appearance. Those selected by myself were of a style in vogue about the time Brother Jonathan's likeness was taken. The fabric of the pants was cotton with white yellow and blue stripes. They came down to within four or five inches of a huge pair of shoes that looked as if they were made of cast iron. The coat was of blue cloth with large quilted collar cut in sharp notches the skirts gracefully crossing each other like a pair scissors. In 1849, a majority of the cloth sent to the Pacific coast consisted of old remnants of old stocks long gone out of fashion in the East. This is the garb in which next morning I appeared before Judge Hester and family now of Santa Clara county and applied for a clerkship in his store.

Greeley's New Platform

The Utica *Morning Herald* says

It was on the platform of the constitutional amendment that contest was fought and over whelming victories obtained in every loyal State. By every Union State Convention and down into the county and district gatherings resolutions were adopted approving the amendment as the basis of restoration. Not a few of the outspoken Unionists pronounced further guarantees essential but up to this point the loyal sentiment was clear and unequivocal. The victory won on this platform gives the Union party the control of the Government. Provided the rebel States refuse to accept the amendment Congress by a majority of two thirds of both houses has the right and the power to maintain temporarily all the principles established by it and to render it clearly to their advantage to acquiesce in these reasonable demands of the loyal people's emphatically proclaimed. One of the cardinal ideas of the amendment is to protect the country against the speedy return of rebels to power and to secure the national credit by the exclusion of citizens against rebel creditors. Here are leading issues in which the loyal sentiment of the country is almost unanimous. But Greeley standing at the head of a great newspaper and wielding large personal influence in the councils of victory also loves every guarantee and favors universal amnesty.

The Syracuse *Star* [illegible] says

If there existed no other cause for opposition to Greeley his recent manifesto in favor of Universal Amnesty and Impartial Suffrage has already furnished it. The clearest minds in the country see that this plan born of Greeley's brains is the most delusive of will-o'-the-wisps. The union of the two propositions is illogical and unstatesmanlike. While universal amnesty would admit to the government power the most virulent of rebels impartial suffrage would manifestly fail to correct any of the evils thus precipitated upon the country. Impartial suffrage either on a basis of property or education, would still leave the rebel element largely predominant and would insure nothing of justice to the country or the recently servile class. The plan is one of the Greeley crochets which have so often astonished the public but which have vanished at the touch of reason. Greeley has signally exemplified his statesmanship by saying if he cannot obtain impartial suffrage he is willing to concede universal amnesty which is in effect saying that he is ready to abandon all the fruits of the war and pay a premium to rebellion. Since the issuing of his manifesto, Greeley's chances for the Senatorship have visibly diminished, for it is the earnest conviction of the mass of the Union party that for the present it should stand by the constitutional amendment, as it is in honor pledged thereto, and not seek new methods of adjustment until the practicability of this one is either demonstrated or denied.

Paris Fashions

The *Queen*, an English fashion magazine, says that in Paris very tasteful white bodices are now made to be worn under low dresses which have no sleeves to them. The material used is either plain Organdy or Swiss muslin, and they are cut open somewhat at the throat, the opening and the top of the bodice being ornamented with simple ruche. The sleeves are very wide in a Juive, and are trimmed round with a deep box pleating of muslin. The low bodices worn over these high muslin ones are not cut higher than the middle of the chest and they describe a slight curve at the top the greatest elevation being in the center. They are trimmed with braces made of white ribbon of a contrasting color from the dress thus, white ribbon braces would be worn with a pale blue dress and pink or blue ribbon braces with a pearl gray skirt. The band, which is much wider than the one styled empire is made of similar ribbon to the braces, and the two sashends hang at the back of the skirt. Walking dresses made of woolen materials are very fashionable this winter. Cashmere and ribbed poplin of very peculiar manufacture, called drap de Venise, are the favored fabrics. Both materials are trimmed with narrow bands of American fur, or else with broad worsted gimp. Napoleon violet and sailor blue are the fashionable colors. Such dresses are made very simply. For example, a blue drap de Venise dress would have a close fitting boddice, and sleeves so narrow that the white cuffs must be tacked inside them; the shirt cut in vandykes and edged with white worsted gimp, headed with a round braid which forms arabesques above every vandyke. The petticoat has wide gimp in a straight row around it, and a row of tubular braid each side of the gimp. The peplum is lined with silk and ornamented to correspond with the skirt. This forms altogether a very ladylike costume for the Winter season, but by no means a cheap one, for forty dollars in specie is the price demanded by the Parisian dressmakers for what, after all, is but a simple walking dress.

AN IMPORTANT FRANCHISE.—The late Legislature granted a franchise to Mr. I. W. Knight one of the Representatives of Bosse county, which has approved by the Governor, of a very important character. It was to grant to him for fifteen years the right to build bridges and collect tolls for the same over the two forks of Owyhee river, on a newly discovered route between Silver City and Hunter's Station, and the journey can therefore be made in one day less time to and from California. The new route is through a better country in every way than the one now traveled, and as soon as Mr. Knight builds his bridges over the Forks of the Owyhee, about a mile and a half apart, the stages and all the travel are very sure to take that route. The new road leaves the old at Hell's Ranch, makes a direct course across the country, southerly to the Forks of the Owyhee and intersects the old road at Antelope Springs. A sketch of the lines traced by the old and new routes has been shown us by Mr. Knight, and a glance will at once suffice to show the great advantage in point of distance in the latter. It is readily described by tracing the rim of a circle, to represent the old route, and then by a straight diametrical shoot across it, to represent the new route. We are glad that so worthy a gentleman has obtained so valuable a franchise.—*Idaho World*.

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Notice.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER

ALERT

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY, AT 7 A. M.,

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamer

RELIANCE FOR CORVALLIS

ON

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

of each week. Also with the

Fannie Patton for Corvallis,

ON

TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

of each week. Also with the

Active for Eugene,

On WEDNESDY of each Week.

ALSO WITH THE

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS, of each week

For LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

Dec 8th, 1866 A. A. McCULLY

dtf Pres't People's Trans. Co.

To the Traveling Public

STEAMER

ELIZA ANDERSON,

D. B. FINCH Master

THE ANDERSON HAS NOT BEEN HAULED OFF the route nor will she be. She is the only steamer that ever RUNS REGULARLY on Puget Sound for any length of time. Has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in complete order for a long campaign. Will carry passengers freight and stock CHEAPER than any other conveyance.

PASSAGE AT PRESENT

TO VICTORIA	$3 00
RETURNING FROM VICTORIA	3 00

Berths and Meals Included.

FREIGHT

CATTLE, at present	$2 00
SHEEP at present	50
MERCHANDISE, at present per ton	2 00

Vancouver Island Landing permits have been abolished.

Olympia, Dec. 7 1866 dec7dtf

STEAMER RANGER!

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND FOR MONTICELLO two times a week, Leaving Portland every

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 A. M. A

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23, 1867

More History.

As we have been drawn into a controversy respecting Jefferson, Burr, and others of their time, we may as well, in the view of the dearth of news and the absence of other topics of discourse, continue the subject

The *Herald* reproaches the Federalists of 1800 for supporting Burr for the Presidency instead of Jefferson. We intend to show that they then had no reason to think Burr the "bold, bad man," which the *Herald* in the light of subsequent events, calls him, and that they therefore were justified in supporting him. These points we shall establish by the use of an eminent Democratic authority,—even the authority of Jefferson himself.

Until Burr, by an unforseen contingency became the competitor of Jefferson for the Presidency, he was held in high estimation by Jefferson and his party. So long as Jefferson supposed he could use him to further his own ambitious designs, he and Burr were close political friends, but the moment they became rival candidates for the Presidency, Jefferson discovered that Burr was a bad, dangerous man. Jefferson and Burr were respectively the Democratic candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency in 1800, but being tied, and each having a greater number of votes than the Federal candidates, they became, as we have already shown, rival candidates for the first office. Until then, Burr was esteemed worthy of the highest confidence by his Democratic associates, but coming, through necessity, into opposition with Jefferson, he underwent an immediate and total transformation of character in the estimation of his former party friends, and became at once a "bold, bad man"

While Jefferson, by a systematic course of intrigue, duplicity, slander and falsehood, was endeavoring to undermine Adams' Administration and prepare the way for his own elevation, using Burr as one of his instruments to accomplish his designs, he wrote the latter a letter, dated June 17th, 1797, (Jefferson's Works, Vol III. p. 356) in which the following adulatory passage occurs: "Dear Sir: The newspapers give so minutely what is passing in Congress, that nothing in detail can be wanting for your information. Perhaps, however, some general view of *our situation and prospects*, since you left us, may not be unacceptable. At any rate, it will give me an opportunity of recalling myself to your memory and of *evidencing my esteem for you.*" This estimable friend then treated to a dish of abuse of the party opposed to their common scheme of ambition, and the writer concludes, "I am, with *great and sincere esteem*, my dear sir, your friend and servant."

When the votes of the electoral college were first counted (in the election of 1800), Jefferson supposed that he had been chosen President and Burr Vice President. Accordingly on the 15th of December of that year he wrote to Burr, pouring forth his congratulations and compliments to this "bold, bad man" in this wise; Vol. III, p. 445): While I must congratulate you, my dear sir, on the issue of this contest, * * *yet for myself, and for the substantial service of the public, I feel most sensibly the loss we sustain of your aid in our new Administration. It leaves a chasm in my arrangements which cannot be adequately filled up. I shall endeavored to compose an Administration whose talents, integrity, names and dispositions should at once inspire unbounded public confidence. I lose you from the list, and am not sure of all the others." Such was the esteem, such were the sentiments with which Burr was regarded by Jefferson himself. And yet the *Herald*, an organ of the Jeffersonian Democracy, upbraids the Federalists for voting for a man for President, who, only eight weeks before the election, had received the highest encomiums from the founder of its party!

It will serve to show the insincerity and falsehood which were habitual with Jefferson, to consider his subsequent course in relation to Burr After the name of Burr had begun to grow odious to all parties, Jefferson, ever on the alert to strengthen his own popularity, was not ashamed to write as follows of his "esteemed friend," Under date of January 26th, 1804, (Vol. IV, p. 520) he says. "I had never seen Col. Burr till he came as a member of the Senate (in 1791). *His conduct soon inspired me with distrust.* I habitually cautioned Mr. Madison against trusting him much. I saw afterwards that under Genl Washington's and Mr. Adams' Administrations, whenever a great military appointment or a diplomatic one was to be made, he came post to Philadelphia to show himself, and in fact, that he was always at market if they wanted him. With these impressions of Col. Burr, there had *never been, any intimacy between us*, and but little association"

Thus it appears that the man whose conduct inspired Jefferson "with distrust" as early as 1791, was held in high estimation by him in 1797, that the man against whom he "habitually cautioned" Mr. Madison during Washington's Administration, and whom he knew to be "always in market," was wanted for a place in his own Cabinet in 1801; that the man whose friendship he disowned in 1804, and with whom he declared he had never been on terms of intimacy, was addressed by him in 1800 as one of his best friends and ablest and most trusted supporters, the loss of whose aid at the new Administration he "most sensibly felt," and whose election to the Vice Presidency had left a "chasm in his arrangements which could not be adequately filled!" This dirty prevarication of which he is convicted by his own writings, fully illustrates the character of Thomas Jefferson. His course in regard to Burr is but a specimen of his general conduct. It may be possible that Burr with all his infamy, was a more truthful man than Jefferson, for he certainly could not have been a falser one.

We have thus proved by the highest Democratic authority, that in 1800 Burr was not "known to be a bold, bad man," and that as his position in the Democratic party was second only to that of Jefferson, the Federalists were fully justified in voting for him It is true that we have proven this by Mr. Jefferson himself, who, as we have also shown, is not a truthful witness, since he contradicts his own story and is guilty of direct falsehood, but as he is a Democratic witness, that party is estopped from denying the credibility of his testimony.

If we feel called on to pursue this subject, we shall take occasion to show how Jefferson intrigued against Washington, how he disseminated misrepresentations of Washington's public character, how he exalted distrust of Washington's intentions, and how at the same time he made the most hypocritical professions of fidelity to the great man he was traducing.

The "Conservatives" and Democrats have taken to abusing Henry Ward Beecher again for his political preaching, charging him with violating the fourth commandment by preaching politics on Sunday His preaching does not suit them so well as it did They liked his political preaching when it had the leaven of "Conservatism," but since it has become Radical they cannot tolerate it.

Some of the Eastern papers have proposed the name of General John W. Geary, Governor of Pennsylvania, as candidate for Vice President of the United States

A statement is made respecting Secretary Stanton that he has not sought and does not want a foreign mission.

John Bull Comes to Judgment.

It would seem that we have enough of cronkers at home to satisfy any reasonable demand The Copperhead press is constantly filled with the most frightful predictions of the calamities which are to ensue, if Congress, in the exercise of its Constitutional right, should impeach the President They declare that the President must resist, and will resist, with all the force at his command, the attempt of Congress to unseat him. What this force will consist of does not appear, but it will probably be something less than the army of Robinson Crusoe, who had one soldier, while Johnson, if this contingency should arrive will have none But the Copperheads, notwithstanding the slim chance for a fight, are mournfully singing the woes of the next war There is no intermission to their doleful rhapsodies Every Copperhead editor claims to have the gift of prophecy, and as they are not sparing of its use, everybody's ears are assailed with these direful lamentations

And as if we had not enough of this at home to supply the demand, now comes John Bull, "grating the same lean and fleshy song on his scranne pipe of wretched straw" Hear the *Colonist* of Victoria

Politics in the United States continue to wear a most threatening and alarming aspect, and it requires no soothsayer to predict that, should the President be pushed to the wall by his enemies, he will use the military and naval forces at his command to punish them as they deserve The position in which Mr Johnson stands is one that commands the sympathy of all unprejudiced persons. At the risk of losing his popularity, he has opposed the efforts of the Radical Congress to denationalize their Southern fellow-citizens, and endow uneducated blacks with the privilege of citizenship.

This is about as good as some of the Copperhead ribaldry we have at home. "The position in which Mr. Johnson stands is one that commands the sympathy of all unprejudiced persons,"—particularly of our amiable British cousins who, from the beginning to the close of the late rebellion in the United States, aided the insurgents by every means in their power, who gleefully declared that the bubble of Republican Government had burst, and that the fate of Mexico awaited us, who, in their own ports, fitted out pirates to destroy our commerce, who gave shelter and afforded an asylum in their territory to thieves and murderers who made incursions upon us to destroy the lives of our citizens, burn our cities, rob our banks and plunder our country generally, who harbored the assassins of our Chief Magistrate, and who have resolutely refused to give up to justice any of the criminals for whom they feel so great a sympathy and admiration, who desired the permanent disruption of the American Union above all things else, and who labored incessantly for years to produce this result,—of this people Mr Johnson does undoubtedly command the entire sympathy, just as Jefferson Davis and the Southern Confederacy commanded the same in former times Mr. Johnson is welcome to all the aid this sympathy can afford him. But, *Colonist*, permit us to remark that you do not talk like one who is "unprejudiced." Your remarks discover a slight color of prejudice, we are certain Just before that article was written you had been consulting some of your exchanges, yclept among us, Copperhead, and therefore your vision was slightly distorted Better attend to your Fenians, and leave our affairs alone. For several years we have managed them after our own way in spite of the advice of our amiable, but pragmatic neighbors, and we think we may be safely trusted with our own business still. Better employ your ambitious finger in drawing plums from your own pudding, than in meddling with other people's pie

A new plan has been proposed for supplying London with water It is no less than constructing an aequeduct from Marlow Moor, on the borders of Wales, to the high grounds about ten miles north of London, a distance of one hundred and eighty three miles. The calculation is that water can be obtained by this method sufficient to supply seven millions of people, or four millions more than the present number of inhabitants.

A new club has been formed in New York, called the *Tribune* Club. It has at present about forty members, many of them known to fame and their monthly dinners are said to be very pleasant gatherings. Horace Greeley, George William Curtis, Bayard Taylor, Theodore Tilton, Edmund C. Stedman and Alice and Phoebe Cary, are members.

When Mr. Johnson came to the Presidency he found the editor of the Radical organ Postmaster at Cleveland, Ohio. He held on to him for a while. Then he turned him out, and put in the editor of the Conservative organ. Next, he turned him out and put in the editor of the Copperhead organ. This is an apt illustration of the Rogue's March.

Judge Wyche is very generally spoken of as Republican candidate for Delegate to Congress from Washington Territory.

STATE ITEMS.

The Capitol Hotel at Salem has been purchased by Hon B Mallory

The name of the person recently drowned in the Willamette near Salem, was Thomas Bawsey, instead of John Dawson, as was formerly reported.

Judge Skinner will hold a special term of court at Roseburg; to commence on the 28th ult., for the purpose of trying the guilty parties connected with the row near that place.

The Directors of the Santiam Union Gold and Silver Mining Company have lately received advices from the East which induced the belief that there is a prospect of effecting an advantageous sale of the Company's mine

By a telegram dated Oakland, 16th inst, says the Eugene *Journal*, we received the sad intelligence of the death of Allen Luckey. It appears that he was standing near a fence examining a gun, when a rail falling, struck the hammer of the gun which discharged it. He has many relatives and friends here who will mourn his untimely end

The editor of the Albany *Democrat* thus compliments a brother Democratic editor "Seriously, the editor of the Courier (of Lafayette) is an illiterate, self conceited, overgrown, maudlin mincompoop. Such men are a disgrace to our nation and a drawback to any party" Go to, *Democrat*, thou jokest Hadst thou simply called thy brother an ass, thou hadst spoken the truth and have been sufficiently descriptive without such a redundancy of words

A letter from Roseburg, Jan 12th says "Sol Colver, one of the rioters who was stabbed, and thought to be dangerously wounded and unable to be brought in for trial and who had medical attendance, and a Deputy Sheriff detailed expressly to watch him, made his escape last Friday night and has not yet been heard from" The writer thinks there is a "screw loose somewhere, or the officers were "badly sold out" Four of the wounded have died, and some of the rest are hopeless

The population of Dallas City consists of two thousand residents who may be set down as pertaining The following shows a careful list of stores and shops Four wholesale stores, six clothing and dry goods, ten groceries three bakeries, three drug, two jewelry, one stove and tin ware one book, one furniture, one crockery, one variety two saddler, one picture gallery three barber, four blacksmith and wagon, one lumber factory, one paint shop, one grist mill and with any amount of refreshment and billiard saloons Main street wears the appearance of a healthy business street

MAIL MATTERS —We were glad to see at Boise City, early in the week, a numerously signed petition, backed by the most substantial and prominent citizens, praying that a daily mail be granted over what is known as the Humboldt route, owned by Hill Beachy, Greathouse, Haley and Kelly, from Boise City to Hunter s Station The stage route connects at the latter place with the Pioneer stages and continues thence to San Francisco, by railroad from Chico, and steamers from Sacramento. A weekly mail has been ordered over this route while a daily mail has been given the Chico route As between the two routes the service by way of the Humboldt is that which would best subserve the purposes of the people of this Territory, by all odds The time can be made in from one to two days quicker in the most favorable traveling season of the year and in from five to eight days less time in the winter season In deed, it is, of the two routes, the only one over which the service can be regularly and surely performed during the winter For those reasons we hope to hear in good time that a daily mail can be given only to one of them, that it has been accorded to the Humboldt route, and we are very sure our delegate, Hon E D Holbrook, will use his best endeavors to have this change made The wants and interests of this whole section require the daily mail service over the Humboldt route — *Idaho World, Jan. 12th.*

EASTERN NEWS.

By the Steamer Pacific.

DATES TO JANUARY 23.

Congressional

WASHINGTON Jan. 15 —In the Senate Mr Norton introduced a bill to restore to the Homestead law all lands that had been reserved for railroad purposes, and that should not be earned by the completion of said railroads within the time limited by law Referred to the Committee on Public Lands

Mr Sherman up to-day on the Tariff bill

Mr Fessenden to-day said he did not intend to leave the floor of the Senate until the tariff and internal revenue bills were disposed of

Mr Sprague's amendment, raising the duty on brown sugars not above 12 Dutch standard, was rejected by a vote of 19 to 23

The Senate then adjourned

NEW YORK, Jan 16 —The House reassembled at 11 o'clock this morning.

Mr Hale to-day introduced a bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers and sailors in the service of the United States during the late rebellion

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Mr Sherman to-day reported back the Senate bill to amend the act of March 3d, so as to prevent any further withdrawing or diminution of legal tender notes It was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency

The Senate adjourned, after making other amendments, without further action.

In the Senate, Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to equalize the bounties to soldiers and sailors Mariners are to receive eight dollars and a half per month for their naval service Widows and heirs of deceased soldiers are to receive the same The bill was referred to the Military Committee.

The Chair submitted to a communication from the Governor of Missouri, announcing the name of Senator Drake.

The Ways and Means Committee have agreed to except incomes below $1,000

Efforts are being made to induce them to agree to the issue of three per cent notes to take the place of the compound notes falling due this year

Mr Chandler introduced a bill to amend the act for the disposal of coal lands and town property on the public domain, and to give persons in possession the right to purchase at minimum rates at any time before the day fixed for the sale of lands; it also provides that no entry of town sites shall therefore be made until approved by the General Land Office Referred

Mr Poland introduced a bill fixing the salaries of Judges of the Supreme Courts of the Territories at $4,500 per annum Referred

Mr Williams introduced a bill to provide for the registration of electors in Territories.

The Senate debated the Tariff bill. Mr Cattell was making a speech when Mr Sprague called attention to the need of increased protection to the fishing interests

The Senate then went into Executive session and adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan 21 —The House, by a vote of 94 to 83, refused leave to Mr Broomhall to introduce, and refer to the Committee on Reconstruction a resolution declaring that amendments to the Constitution may be adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the States voting in Congress.

The House by 101 to 39, gave to Williams, of Pennsylvania, leave to introduce and refer a bill to regulate the practice and define the powers of the Supreme Court in certain cases It provides that in all cases of writs of error from, and appeals to, the Supreme Court, wherein the validity of any statute, or the authority of the United States is named, the hearing shall be had only before a full bench of Judges, and no judgment shall be rendered or decision given against the validity of any statute, or the authority exercised by the United States, unless with the concurrence of all the Judges, but cases seems determined to lodge around the Court in such a manner that future decisions will not be in the interest of the rebel States

The House, by a vote of 128 to 30, suspended the rules to allow Mr Morrill, of the Committee on Ways and Means, to report a bill which provides that whenever any sale of coin shall be made, notice of four days shall be given, designating the amount to be sold, and inviting proposals for any amount thereof naming the place and hour at which sealed proposals will be received, and the terms of payment, and when and where such sealed proposals will be opened, to be declared by the Assistant Treasurer in New York, in the presence of such persons as may choose to attend

Mr Delano moved to amend by making notice not less than ten days The amendment was accepted and the bill passed.

The House after referring various resolutions, proceeded to discuss Mr Stevens' reconstruction bill Mr Bingly spoke in support of it and the House took a recess till 8 o'clock P M

WASHINGTON, Jan 22 —In the House leave of absence was granted to Mr Washburne, of Illinois for the remainder of the session, his health requiring him to travel

A resolution to pay Mr. Cofferdi, of Pennsylvania Mr Voorhees, of Indiana, and Mr Brooks of New York, increased compensation from the beginning of the Thirty ninth Congress to the time when they were unseated, was adopted—yeas 89 to 59

Mr Wilson reported the House bill introduced by Hingham on December 10th to declare void and confirm certain proclamations of the President and acts done in pursuance thereof

Mr Boutwell from the Judiciary Committee reported a bill which provides for a rule requiring Judges, lawyers to practice in Courts under certain conditions It is intended to upset the late decision of the Supreme Court on the test oath.

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 28, 1867

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates — 74
New York Gold Quotations — 134½

OREGON CITY ITEMS.—The *Enterprise* furnishes the following items: The term of the City Seminary and Grade School which closed last evening, was one of very great promising results. The fall wing statement of the attendance during the term shows an increase over any previous term. There being no vacation till summer still ties will be resumed on Monday morning, 3d inst. The following is the report: Primary department Miss Lambram teacher—total number of boys on roll 44, girls, 2, average attendance, 45. Intermediate Department, N W Kanaga, teacher—Total number boys on roll 29, girls, 31, average attendance 54. Higher Department A P Popejoy, B. A., teacher—Total number boys on roll 29, girls, 31, average attendance, 53. Aggregate on rolls for the term 208, average in department is for the term 152. On Monday last we spent a short hour in looking through the works of the Oregon City Paper Company on Second street. We can say nothing in addition to what we have already written concerning a description of the works except that the mill is in successful operation under the management of Superintendent Carroll and assistant Clark, and its production is of a better quality than any we have heretofore seen in our market. The mill will be able to make about 1,500 reams of straw wrapping paper per month at $1 00 per ream against $2 75 and $3 00 per ream as for months previous. The manufacture of paper from straw is one of the important accomplishments of which put forth the past year by men who have an interest in making us independent of foreign and Stock, which was thought to be scarce proves to be abundant, and hence will be easily and cheaply obtained, while the facilities for manufacturing are unequalled. The purity of the Willamette for cleansing purposes is already established. The late action of the commissioners in appropriating a small sum of money to aid in repairing the road from Oregon City to Aurora had some good effect. We are informed that Mr Fish who had the appropriation in charge, has made some temporary improvements and the road is in more than ordinary good condition.

On Tuesday Felix Collins was required to appear before Justice Moore on a charge of petit larceny, and as he was proven guilty, and not having the wherewith to liquidate, was sent up for the space of twelve days.

VANCOUVER ITEMS.—From the Vancouver *Register* of the 26th, we gather the following: A meeting of the patrons of the public school was held on the evening of the 23d, and preliminary steps taken to have the school house finished and to add a Primary Department. Measures have been inaugurated for the erection of a woolen factory on Salmon creek, about five miles from Vancouver. G. R. Washburn and Joseph Brant, Jr., a couple of "precocious youths" employed in the *Register* office, have issued two numbers of the *Vew Yress*, a diminutive weekly sheet, devoted to fun principally, as we judge from the extracts published in the *Register*. The tender youths promise however, that "the paper will always be of a high moral tone," and that if there get plenty of paying subscribers the tone will get higher and higher etc." Five of the prisoners who lately escaped from the garrison have been recaptured. Two of them and about $200, worth of goods taken from Mr Kaiser's store have not been recovered. A snow fire engine is expected on the next steamer and provision has been made for an engine house. Several runaways occurred during the last week, without, however, any serious consequences, beyond the damage to team and sleighs. The parties charged with keeping diseased sheep on the Fourth Plain were tried last week by a jury and acquitted.

JUSTICE'S COURT.—Andrew Anderson and John Brown were before the Recorder Saturday morning, charged with disorderly conduct and fighting on First street. They were each fined $10 and costs and in default of payment were sent to jail for three days. The street of these parties by officer Ball about one o'clock Saturday morning, as attended with a somewhat ludicrous incident, exhibiting unusual honesty or unusual stupidity on the part of Anderson. The two men had a bit of a fight to begin with, when officer Ball arrested them and started them toward the jail. Despite his best efforts, they had a bout between the way and after their arrival at the jail door. Mr. Ball had got them separated finally, and was about to open the door, holding on to Anderson, when the other man broke and run. Ball had got his grit up, and concluding that if he couldn't cage but one that one should be Brown, so he gave chase and overhauled him some three down the street. When he arrived again at the jail he found Anderson standing exactly where he had left him, waiting to be admitted. Ball was too much astonished to make any objection, so Anderson went in. Nine glycerine libations were at the bottom of the row.

THE FIRE-FIEND.—On the 19th inst. the *Fidelizer* put back to Victoria having been in Neah Bay for eight days, on account of rough weather. The Victoria papers, upon her return, announced that, during her attempted trip out the Straits, she shipped water twice so that her fires were extinguished. Capt Erskine says her fires were *not* extinguished, and that he only put her about because he knew from the heavy sea on, and the quarter from which the wind was blowing, that it would be impossible to enter the Columbia river for several days, during which time he would be obliged to lie off the bar to the great discomfort of his passengers. The *Fidelizer* is an trustworthy in a heavy sea as any of the steamers plying on our coast trade, and no vessel was more careful of valuable commodities than Captain Erskine. The attempt of the Victoria papers to excite distrust of the *Fidelizer's* seaworthiness will probably fail of its intended effect.

"DISCONTENTED VICTORIANS.—It seems that, notwithstanding the efforts of the Victoria press to induce "discontented Victorians" to remain on the Queen's *Bitches*, they occasionally will strive to get away. The *Colonist* of the 21st says "On board the *Fidelizer*, when she left this port, were three debtors, who had taken French leave of their creditors. The unexpected return of the steamer to this port delivered the three delinquents into the hands of the Philistines. One 'gemman' shipped all his goods aboard the steamer, proposing to go into business in Portland." We are rather pleased that the Frenchified, jaunty style of "gemmen" are to remain among the "Philistines." We do not want that sort here. We want straight-forward business men who are dropping anchor in our city, are welcome. We are as glad to have them come as they are to get here.

A ROW AMONG CHINAMEN.—During Saturday evening a row occurred among some Chinamen on Morrison street, in which one of them got a severe cut on the head. After a chase, this man was arrested by Marshal Hoyt and officer Tom, and subsequently the man who inflicted the wound was caught. He objected that the wounded Chinaman drew a pistol on him, when he cut him in self-defence. No explanation of the row could be obtained from the Chinamen. One of them gave bail for his appearance this morning and the others in jail.

THE KLAMATH EARTHQUAKE A HOAX.—A dispatch from Toll House, Siskiyou mountain, June 27, says "Ingo Burse, sutler at Fort Klamath, who left that place January 9th, the day after the reported earthquake, says the whole thing was made of whole cloth, that there is no such person at N L. Tennison of the fort, and that he thinks some of the soldiers who left themselves humorously in not being mustered out, set it up to humbug the world."

BY THE WET WHEELER.—The steamers *Enterprise*, *Belcrest*, *Fannie Patton*, and *Union* are all in the basin at Oregon City. The *Belcrest* will start for Salem this morning and the *Union* for Dayton. The *Fannie Patton* will go up Tuesday morning and the *Enterprise* on Wednesday morning. There will be a boat each day during the week except Saturday.

TUNING AND REPAIRING.—Mr H. Sinsheimer, after an absence of a year or more, has returned to Portland, and announces that he will resume his avocation of tuning and repairing pianos organs, etc. He has the reputation of being an excellent tuner, and those wanting such work done will do well to call on him.

THE STEAMERS.—The telegraph line was up last night, but it worked so very badly that no dispatches could be got through, the only item received being that the steamer left San Francisco for Portland on the 24th. The operator here could not learn what steamer started nor what time of the day she left.

SOUTH WIND.—A remarkably warm south wind sprung up last evening, accompanied by copious falls of mist, under the effects of which the snow disappeared more rapidly than it came. Capt Baughman of the *Alert* reported the snow all gone at Oregon City at noon yesterday.

SALMON.—Messrs Everding & Beebe receive by the *Fidelizer*, 482 barrels of Fraser river salmon. Mr Everding informs us that should this and the San Francisco markets not take them, they will be sent to the Sandwich Islands where the demand is said to be good.

FOR THIS MORNING.—Phillip Shaft is charged in the Recorder's court with keeping the Globe Hotel without a license and S. B. Vance with an assault and battery upon Charles Prior. The charges will be examined this morning.

THE "CROSBY."—The schooner *Crosby* was anchored in Neah Bay when the *Fidelizer* left there to return to Victoria on the 18th. On the arrival out again of the *Fidelizer* on the 24th, the *Crosby* had left.

WHEATFIELD FREIGHTS.—Arrived per *Alert*, Saturday, Jan. 26th: 123 sks feed, 296 bxs apples 3 coops chickens, 1 bale woolen goods 18 bxs eggs 2 kgs cider, 8 sks dried apples and 2 bf bbls lard.

FROM THE LOWER COLUMBIA.—The *Couch* arrived Saturday evening from Astoria, reporting very heavy weather at the mouth of the river. A strong southeast gale was blowing.

PRICE OF GOLD.—The *Alta California* a financial and commercial report of the 23d quotes gold in New York at 135¾ sterling, 108¾. Legal Tenders at San Francisco, 73@73½.

THE GOVERNOR.—Gov Woods arrived here on Saturday and gave us a friendly call or two. He goes up Tuesday morning to Salem.

BOARD OF DELEGATES.—The Board of Delegates of the Fire Department will have a meeting on Tuesday evening the 29th.

TO SAIL.—The *Fidelizer* will sail for Victoria at 6 o'clock P M Wednesday the 30th inst.

FLOUR.—Oregon extra flour in quarter sacks is quoted in San Francisco Jan 25d, at $4 75@5 00.

FEELING.—As we went to press last night the snow was still falling. So were the prices for clothing, at the well known establishment of Harman Bros.

IN THE FIVE YEARS. And not a day out of order in that time. Mr Wm A West of Dry Run, Pa. says "We have had one of the Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machines in use *for over five years* and it has *not been a day out of repairing order in that time*. We would not exchange it with our neighbors for the Wheeler & Wilson or Grover & Baker though I have nothing to say disparagingly of them." Stewart & Gourley, "Agents, Portland, Oregon.

WANTED. Immediately a first rate Boot maker, good wages given. Apply to Grabenhorn & Cohen.

C. H. MACK,

DENTIST,

Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery.

The patronage of those who desire and can appreciate FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS is especially solicited.

OFFICE.—Washington st corner of Front, Parrish's Block up stairs.

N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the extraction of teeth without pain. It is the safest and most agreeable agent for this purpose ever discovered.

ap30 lawtf

G. W. COOL,

Office, Carter's New Building,

Corner of Front and Alder Streets. dec7 dtf

WM. KOEHLER,

DENTIST.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE removed to the South west corner of FRONT and YAMHILL Streets opposite E J Northrup's Hardware store.

Appreciating the most liberal Patronage by my friends and the public generally during my residence in this city I hope and take pleasure by diligent attention and Scientific Treatment to see the same continued to me as before.

N B.—To strangers I would say that a constantly increasing Dental Practice for the last 6 years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First Class and Finished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials to the same can be given at the Office.

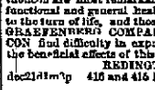
Dental Consultation and Advice Free of Charge to all. mch7 dtf

THE TEETH! THE TEETH!

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Having lately returned from San Francisco, would inform his friends and the public generally that he is now prepared to meet the demands for DENTAL WORK. All the Latest Improvements and Inventions in Dentistry will be found in his office and all operations in the Dental Art will be personally attended by Dr C. As to his previous efforts he would respectfully refer to those cases that have already come under his management. apl1dtf

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS.

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.

CHAS. F WIEGAND, Proprietor.

Parties in Brick, Washington street near Front, Portland, Oregon.

se6dtf

ATTENTION DISCHARGED VOLUNTEERS!

Discharged Soldiers entitled to the EXTRA BOUNTY under the Act of Congress approved July 28 1866, who wish their application papers properly prepared will do well to call on the undersigned. For particulars see fourth page of this paper.

A BUSHWILER, Claim Agent,
Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*,
No 5 Washington St. Portland, Oregon

PAIN KILLER.

GENTS Having used and witnessed the beneficial effects of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER I take great pleasure in commending it to the public as the very best Family Medicine with which I am acquainted. In this establishment are employed nearly one hundred persons and your PAIN KILLER has been used with the most astonishing results. For SOUR STALLS not a single severe case of Cholic, Summer Complaint, or Dysentery, but has yielded like magic to the curative powers of the Killer and for Cuts, Bruises, etc., it is in almost daily use, and with like good effects.

JOHN TANNER,
Foreman of Wrightson & Co's Printing Establishment, Cincinnati Ohio.

Sold by all medicine dealers. jan18dawlm

Asthma.—This disease causes great difficulty of breathing, and tightness across the chest, and sometimes attended with a great deal of suffocation. The paroxysm generally comes on at night, while lying down sometimes it is attended with great violence. ATWOOD'S JAUNDICE BITTERS will give immediate relief and in many cases if persevered in, it will cure the disease altogether. For sale by REDINGTON & CO., San Francisco. Also by the dealers in Family Medicine generally. jan18dlm

The Graefenberg Company's Uterine CATHOLICON does not contain one particle of calomel or mercury, and cases of Female Complaints which require other treatment than the Catholicon are extremely rare. It should be used in all cases of Deranged Monthly Periods, Weakness, Irregular Appetite, Nervousness, Headache, Disturbed Sleep, Acid Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, and Pains and Difficulties connected with the Uterine Organs.

THE UTERINE CATHOLICON

Is a most successful remedy for Gravel and all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, while in the troublesome symptoms attending Pregnancy, the benefits of the Catholicon are most remarkable. It is a perfect restorer to functional and general health from bedding womanhood to the turn of life, and those patients who have used the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S UTERINE CATHOLICON find difficulty in expressing their thankfulness for the beneficial effects of this wonderful medicine.

REDINGTON & CO., Sole Agents,
dec21d1m&p 416 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco

☞ The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is

FRESE'S HAMBURG TEA

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, if used timely. Composed of herbs only; it can be safely given to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German, with every package. TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and saloons. EMIL FRESE, Wholesale Druggist,
Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street,
San Francisco.

jy6deomwly

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVED.

Portland, Jan 26th, steamer *Fidelizer*, M C. Erskine, commander, from Victoria Jan 23d.

Portland, January 27th—the C S N Co's steamer *Pacific* Wm Metzger commander, 3½ days from San Francisco. Passengers and freight to Allen & Lewis.

REMARKS.

Left Victoria Jan 23d at 9:30 A M, came to anchor in Neah Bay same day at 4 P M., left Neah Bay Jan 24th at 9 A M, crossed Columbia river bar Jan 25th at 8 A M, arrived at Astoria at 10:30 A M, left Astoria at 12 M., at 7 P M came to anchor; thick snowy at 4 A M got underway and at 2 P M, arrived at Portland.

Left San Francisco January 24th, at 10 30 A M. Arrived off Columbia river bar 27th, at 2 A M. Crossed the bar at 5 A M. Arrived at Astoria at 10:20, left at 10:55 and arrived at Portland at 5 P M.

PASSENGERS

Wm Underwood and wife, Capt Irvin, Peter Manchest, E West, Miss S T Wright, W B Cook, C Rickman, F Evans, R Scott, L Thomas, W Wheeler, J C Buchanan, R Simpson, I C Chapman and one Chinaman.

J Wirtz and wife, F L Hoag, S Bender, W Dellinger, J C Cutting, T B Herall, H Clossa, J Marks, S T Collins, J M Clark, J O Dorsey, H Etting and wife, J R Rowland, W Corcoran, J M Kirkpatrick, Wm Semlen, L G Norris, E C Adair, W J Philpot, J C Norris, A Allen, D Wilson, S D Leong, Mrs Dougherty, Miss McNeil, W H Grey, D Lichtenstein, Mrs Ross and three children, B Levy, C F Byrne, L Carey, O Ilan, M F Farley, J S Howell, H Ball, J S Debman, J K Rowe, B Debman, S Debman, Miss M Debman, Miss A Debman, W P Chester, wife and two children, Mrs McDonald, H B Leverich and wife, J Bennett, W H Sewall, J Boyd, W Wilson, George Miller, D F Fox, W Lauer, Joseph Davis, H Morgan, wife and child, A B Asher, A S Warner, L Estes, H Welch, F M Hammond, J H Daniels, B Anderson, J Love, W Thomas, J Freeman, D F Andrews, J Snyder, J Smith, R W Henry, M Pool, Miller and wife and child, J H Hurst and wife, Miss M Howell, Miss E Howell, Miss Z Hoirell, W M Rand, A Haines, J M Howell, T Douglass, J Leopold, G W Lovers, P L Yenwick, wife and two children, Mrs Baker & child, F Wagner, I H W Williams and wife, I Seckmayer, H McWilliams, F B McWilliams, G Seliger, N J Robertson, I F Atkinson, I L Cook, M Schiff, C McWilliams, I B Griffith, B Rathenbush, I G Belfrege, J M Morse, W G Spencer, P O'Conner, G Chase, Mrs Shirlock, Dr Heslip, W C Whitmore and wife, J Wiskotech, H Agroul, D E Lippincott, D M Bascon, C Coombs, W T Smith, W F Howlett, Miss H Mendola, Miss L Smith, J Henry, H Hammon, S Cummings, A Zarza, J Harris, P Cook, J Shepard, S S F Childress, W F & Co's Messenger, and 76 in the steerage.

CONSIGNEES.

Everding & Beebe 534 pkgs. Underwood 15 pkgs, F Manchest 6 pkgs, B Simpson, 21 pkgs, F Cline 4 pkgs, Allen & Lewis, A S Elfelt & Co, A Mayer, C E Adair, Bills & Co, Baum Bloch, Bros & Co, Camp & Co, C H Meyer, D Silver, M Martin & Co, E Cibalio, R Hendrie Smith & Davis, Wilberg & Shawbridge, Wilcox & Co, F A Tyler, L Gruss, McCraken, Merrill & Co, Milwain & Joint, O Connor & Co, S G Skidmore, R G Sneath, W Young, Willamette Iron Works, J L Parish & Co, Labbe Bros, Millard & Van Schuyver, O S N Co, Robinson & Lake, S J McCormick, J Underhill & Co, Wan Lee, Wells Fargo & Co.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

NOTICE!

THE STEAMER

WILSON G. HUNT,

CAPTAIN JOHN WOLF,

WILL, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, MAKE

Tri-Weekly Trips

TO

THE DALLES,

LEAVING PORTLAND

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Boats on the Upper River leave CELILO

MONDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY.

J C AINSWORTH,
Pres dent.

jan22dlm2w

PACIFIC

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CASH CAPITAL — $750,000
SURPLUS JAN 1, '67 — 411,054
CASH ASSETS — $1,161,054

All Losses paid immediately in United States Gold Coin.

FIRE,

OCEAN,

MARINE,

INLAND

INSURANCE.

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY having entered into Contract with Messrs BIGELOW & BLOTCHER for the transaction of all the business of the Fire Insurance Company of this city is represented by them is now prepared to offer to all parties formerly insured by said companies equally good terms and prompt payment of losses in United States Gold Coin.

MR H H BIGELOW will be the General Agent for this company from this date.

Directors Pacific Insurance Company:

SAN FRANCISCO: Louis McLane, W. C. Ralston, A. L. Tubbs, Wm Alvord, Frederick Billings, Jonathan Hunt, A. B. Forbes, A. G. Stiles, A. Baligman, L. H. Brodtke, Wm Sherman, L. Sachs, James DePreamory, J. G. Brey, J. D. Newton, David Sherry, D. O. Mills, J. G. Kellogg, G. H. Howard, Moses Heller, H. M. Newhall, G. T. Lawton, Edward Martin, Charles Mayne, Moses Hills, E. L. Goldstein, W. T. Coleman, J. O. Earl, T. Lemon Meyer, G. W. Beaver, Adam Grant, Alpheus Bull, E. W. Leonard, S. Steinhart, P. L. Weaver, Wm Hooper, Alfred Borel, A. Hayward, T. L. Parker, Alex Weill, Edgar Mills, G. W. Mowe, C. T. Wheeler, MARYSVILLE: H. Jewett, STOCKTON: T. R. Anthony, PORTLAND, OREGON: W. S. Ladd, Jacob Kamm, VIRGINIA NEVADA: Wm Sharon.

Officers:

JONA HUNT, President,
A. J. BALSTON, Secretary,
C. A. LATON, Marine Secretary,
H. H. BIGELOW, Gen'l Agent.

LADD & TILTON,

General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

Local Agents.

S. R. HAMMER,	Salem
JOHN CONNER,	Albany
F. A. CHENOWETH,	Corvallis
J. H. UNDERWOOD,	Eugene.
S. F. CHADWICK,	Roseburg
JOHNSON & McCOWN,	Oregon City
CUMMINS & GRANT,	Dalles
J. H. ELRWIT,	Walla Walla

Jan 29 1867

Albert M. Snyder,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT,

96 Front Street, East Side.

PORTLAND, OREGON

Patents for Inventions.

Business with the United States Patent Office, such as filing Caveats and procuring Letters Patent, will be promptly and with care and attention. All business of this character will be strictly confidential.

General Land Office—Patents for Lands.

Will attend to procuring Patents for United States Lands, Location Land Warrants or purchase of the same. All business connected with the General Land Office such as collecting money for lands erroneously entered with cash, or return of the Land Warrants erroneously located; the settlement of cases under the Pre-emption Laws, and examining titles, will receive prompt attention.

Bounty Land Warrants.

Will procure Bounty Land Warrants (160 acres) for each of the surviving Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Seamen, Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen in the Navy—Wagon Masters and Teamsters, who served in any of the wars in which the United States has been engaged since 1790 to 1851. In case of the death of any of the above, the widow or minor children are entitled.

Bounty and Arrears of Pay.

Will procure arrears of Pay due Officers and Bounty and arrears of Pay due Soldiers, Seamen and Marines. If any of the above have died, the amount due is payable to the Widow, Children, Father and Mother, and Brother and Sister, in their turn.

Pensions.

Will procure Pensions for Officers of the Army and Navy, Soldiers, Seamen and Marines, who have been disabled by wounds received, or who contracted a disease while in the line of duty, and if any of the above were killed in battle or have died from said causes the following are entitled to them in their order, viz: Widow, Children (under 16 years of age), Father and Mother and Sisters, if dependent upon their deceased son or brother for support, either in whole or in part.

The Pension Laws apply to all wars in which the United States have been engaged.

All communications asking advice or information should enclose postage, or whenever of a character requiring it, should be accompanied with a reasonable fee.

January 21, 1867 dtf A M S

HATS! HATS!

MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HATS, CAPS,

AND

HATTERS' MATERIALS.

No. 72 Front Street, Portland.

ARE RECEIVING IN ADDITION TO THEIR EXTENSIVE Stock, by every steamer, all the LATEST STYLES of New York, London and Parisian taste, for

Gentlemen's and Children's Wear.

Which they will sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

P S.—Hats of every Style and Description MADE TO ORDER, also neatly repaired at

nov6dtf&p J C MEUSDORFFER & BRO

JUST RECEIVED!

A. H. WHITE,

No. 119 Front Street,

IS NOW RECEIVING BY EVERY STEAMER

Large Additions to his Extensive Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

and all other Goods in his line among which are

SKIBBERLICH'S BUILT'S
MILES', GODFREY'S
AND DENKERT'S
LATEST STYLES

☞ Call in and examine the Stock opposite the New Columbian Hotel. nov5dtf

CHAS. HOPKINS,

(Successor to G. W. VAUGHN.)

DEALER IN

Hardware & Cutlery,

IRON AND STEEL,

Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'

TOOLS, PLOWS,

REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

oct PORTLAND OREGON d2pdf

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

Wines and Liquors!

NO. 48 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND OREGON

NOS. 604 AND 606 FRONT STREET SAN FRANCISCO

N B.—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco. If desired oct21dfdaw

9 AND 12 THREAD HEMP BATTING
For sale by P J NORTHRUP & CO

HAY, OATS AND GROUND FEED FOR SALE BY
R. H. LAW.

CHAS HODGE HAS E CALEF GEO W SNELL

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs and Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES BRUSHES PAINTERS MATERIALS

And Druggists' Sundries,

97 Front street

nov d3m Portland Oregon

COAL OIL!

500 CASES DEVOE SANDRAY OILS PRATT & CO'S CARBON OIL WEST MARKET BRANDS FOR CASH.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in Drugs Paints & Oils

oct6 12tf Portland

For Sale--To Let--Wants.

For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE ONE LOT 50x100 feet on the corner of Ulvy and Water Streets opposite the public levee being Lots 4 and 5 in Block No 113 with the following improvements: One good BARN with room for 4 or 5 stalls for horses also one SHED in any new with out fastenings also good well. HORSES with harness three good WAGONS 200 loads shell with a good quantity of cord wood.

As we intend leaving the State all parties knowing themselves to be indebted to us by note or account are requested to make immediate settlement, and demands against the same will be presented for

JAMES DIMICK
jan1 d3p6t1m RINES & GOSSMAN

For Rent.

THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE ON Front Street next door to Stark at the Ferry Landing, now occupied and fitted as a Tin Store. Also ROOMS IN THE SECOND STORY suitable for Offices. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

House to Rent.

A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT THE CORNER of First and C streets. Such a situation. This house has seven rooms below and four above stairs all hard finished; has plenty of yard room fruit trees and shrubbery. A stable in the lot.

Inquire of J S WHITE at Taylor's Hotel, 169 Front Street. jan14dt

For Sale.

CHEAP FOR CASH ONE SMALL HOUSE AND LOT corner of Fifth and Alder Street. Inquire of

D. F. BUCHANAN

dec3dtf Between 4th and 5th on Washington Street.

For Rent.

FOUR ROOMS WILL BE RENTED TO DESIRABLE tenants at

REDUCED PRICES,

In the building occupied Messrs J T Underhill & Co on Front Street. Apply to

dec1dtf LADD & TILTON

For Sale.

THE PROPELLER

COMMODORE PERRY,

35 Tons Register.

This Boat is nearly new, possesses good power, and will be SOLD CHEAP. Liberal terms will be offered, and CLEAR TITLE GUARANTEED.

For further particulars apply to MAJOR BLAKE
oc25dtf At Arrington's Hotel

Rooms to Rent.

BOARDERS WANTED. Apply at
oct1tf N E COR SIXTH & ALDER STS

O STEWART C S COURLEY

STEWART & GOURLEY,

No. 103 Front Street,

PORTLAND OREGON,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Clocks,

Watches, and

Jeweler's Goods,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE

American watch Co.,

Also, for

WILLCOX & GIBBS'

LETTER "C"

SEWING MACHINES

UNRIVALED IN

HEMMING, FELLING,
BINDING, BRAIDING,
EMBROIDERING, &C.

It is perfectly NOISELESS. It is declared the BEST MACHINE and AWARDED the

Highest Premium!!

At the Great Union Fair held at Ireland Park. Send for Reports and Samples of Work.

jan7 dawtf

EXCELSIOR SODA WORKS!

BALLARD & PHILLIPS, Proprietors,

DEALERS IN

FINE BRANDIES,

ENGLISH ALE & PORTER,

Champagne Cider, Rock Beer, &c.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF SYRUPS, SODA WATER AND GINGER POP. Orders for English Ale and Porter filled in bulk or by the case. oc6dtf

FRIEDMAN & CO.,

(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Starr)

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, ZINC, COPPER, PUMPS HOSE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Pipe, Tin Smith's Tools, Machines and Materials and Manufacturers of

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.

The trade in particular will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Agency for Tilton & McFarland's Safes

Removed from our old store at the Ferry Landing to No 34 Front Street in O S N Company's new building. Portland Oregon. jan16dlptf

W. H. BENNETT & CO.,

Dealers in

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED & PRODUCE,

HAVING LEASED THE LARGE FIRE-PROOF brick building,

NO. 180 FRONT STREET,

Are prepared to receive MERCHANDISE and PRODUCE on

Storage and Commission,

And will attend to the purchase and sale of all kinds of Produce.

Portland January 19 1866 jan21dlf

Gentlemen

LOOK HERE!!

IF YOU WANT A FIRST CLASS PAIR OF

BOOTS

Made to order of the latest improved style, go to

T. RODGERS,

The celebrated BOOT MAKER who will make you a good fit on FIRST and YAMHILL Streets. jan3dtf&p

SEEDS. SEEDS. SEEDS.

☞ Warranted FRESH and GENUINE.

FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

R. E. CHATFIELD,

At R J Northrup & Co's Hardware Store Portland Oregon.

☞ Orders by Mail or Express promptly attended to. jan16 dawtf

Lessons in French.

MADAME PARROT, a accomplished Teacher of the French Language, would like pleased to secure a few pupils to whom she will give lessons. Apply at her residence No 44 Stark street. jan16tf

COOPERS TOOLS
On hand and for sale low by
E J NORTHRUP & CO

BARBED WIRE NO 10 SINGLE THREAD
On hand and for sale low in quantities to suit
E J NORTHRUP & CO

PATENT LAID COTTON SEINE TWINE,
For sale at San Francisco prices by
E J NORTHRUP & CO

STORAGE IN FIRE PROOF BRICK STORE, CORNER First and Ash streets.
jan14dtf&p R. H. LAW.

REMOVAL.

L. GROSS,

HAS REMOVED HIS

DRUG STORE!

TO THE

Handsome Building of C M Carter,

Corner of Alder and Front Sts.,

PORTLAND OREGON,

WHICH HE HAS FITTED UP ELEGANTLY, and intends to keep as a

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

And flatters himself that his numerous customers and those that will favor him with their patronage as well as attracted by

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

PERFUMERY,

FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

Extracts,

ESSENTIAL OILS, HERBS

And an assortment of all popular

Patent Medicines, &c.

ALSO

PAINTS, OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

DYE STUFFS,

COLORS, &c.

Thanking those who formerly favored him with their custom he respectfully asks further patronage.

N. B.—Special attention paid to PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS, which are prepared of the PUREST DRUGS and put up by an Experienced Apothecary.

☞ A NIGHT BELL is attached to the door and Prescriptions put up at all hours of the night.

TO DENTISTS.

L. GROSS

Would inform the Dentists that he has constantly on hand

The Best Selected Stock of

DENTAL GOODS!

In the State of Oregon, such as

TEETH, INSTRUMENTS, FORCEPS,

GOLD FOIL, &c.,

Which he will Sell at the Lowest possible Prices.

To Photographic Artists!

PHOTOGRAPHERS

will constantly find a full assortment of goods in their line at

L. GROSS' DRUG STORE,

Corner of Front and Alder Streets,

Which he will SELL AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Best NEGATIVE & SUN PEARL COLLODION always on hand.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to and despatched. nov12d3p2m

Removed.

NOTICE TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN, particularly to the LADIES in general, that

VAN FRIDAGH & CO.,

Have removed their large and well assorted stock of

MILLINERY!

DRY GOODS.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS!!

TO

123 FRONT STREET,

IN

HARKER'S FIRE-PROOF BUILDING,

Opposite the What Cheer and New Columbian.

jan4 dawtf

Having in this our new place of business superior facilities for the exhibition of our goods, we through our late IMPORTATIONS FROM PARIS and strict attention to order and business will be better enabled to keep the FINEST LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED Stock of Goods in Oregon.

jan4 dawlm

L. C. HENRICASEN,

(Successor to Jacob Cohen,)

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

105 Front St., Portland, Oregon,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT he has just returned from San Francisco with a splendid stock of

CLOCKS!

WATCHES & JEWELRY!

In the store recently occupied by Jacob Cohen (whom he succeeds in business) and where he will keep constantly on hand every article connected with the above business.

☞ Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

Particular attention paid to DIAMOND SETTING ENGRAVING and ENAMELING. jan12d3p1f

DIARIES FOR 1867!

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED At

CHARLES BARRETT'S,

No 79 Front street Portland, Oregon

BLANK BOOKS!!

A FIRST QUALITY OF

Ledgers,
Day Books,
Journals, and
Cash Books,

Cheap at CHARLES BARRETT'S,

No 79 Front street, Portland Oregon

Jan 11 1867 dtf

Mrs. Dr. Mary A. Thomson,

ELECTRICIAN AND ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN

THE ELECTROPATHIC METHOD OF TREATMENT is especially adapted to Chronic diseases, such as Rheumatism Neuralgia, Cancers, Paralysis and Epileptic Fits. Special attention given to Female Complaints.

Mrs Thomson has a very superior Inhalator to vaporize the Lungs and Bronchial organs.

OFFICE at the residence of J W Cook on First and Ash streets. Office hours from 10 to 3 P M. jan12d3m

Miscellaneous.

W A ALDRICH J C MERRILL JOHN M CRAKEN

M'CRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.,

SHIPPING, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

AGENTS OF THE CALIFORNIA HAWAIIAN and OREGON PACKET LINES.

Importers of SAN QUENTIN and CARMEN ISLAND SALT, SANDWICH ISLAND SUGARS, COFFEE, RICE and FRUIT.

Agents for Hawaiian & Co's Preserved Fruits, Vegetables, Pickles and Olives, &c.

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON, LARD & FRUIT, LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER.

Will attend to the Purchase, Sale or Shipment of Merchandise or Produce in New York, San Francisco, Honolulu or Portland. ALDRICH, MERRILL & CO.

No's 204 and 206 California Street, San Francisco.

McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.
No 16 North Front Street, Portland.

mch1dtf

R. G. SNEATH,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

32 Front Street,

PORTLAND OREGON.

Goods by the Package

FOR CASH AT

San Francisco Prices and Freight.

☞ Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired. Portland, October 6 1866. dtf

POWDER!

R. G. SNEATH,

32 Front St., Portland,

AGENT FOR CALIFORNIA POWDER WORKS,

Has on hand a full assortment of

RIFLE AND SPORTING POWDER,

ALSO

CALIFORNIA BLASTING POWDER,

At Manufacturers' Prices and Freight.

o13 dtf

G. VENARD,

CHARTRES COFFEE!

Manufactory Established in June, 1851.

STEAM POWER NOS 625 AND 627 FRONT ST.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND GROUND AND ROASTED COFFEE, GREEN COFFEE of the best qualities. CREAM OF TARTAR and SPICES of all sorts.

The undersigned who has always enjoyed public confidence for the excellent quality of his Coffee neglects nothing to justify the good name acquired by his productions, the sale of which daily increases. The acknowledged superiority of his manufacture which commands here, and in the markets of the interior, a relatively higher price, excites the cupidity of some manufacturers and every day he sees increasing the number of those who, by counterfeiting the mark, seek to deceive the public, calling up in them their inferior productions for the genuine G. VENARD CHARTRES COFFEE. This fraud can deceive only after a trial, but only adds to the favorable opinion of the consumers, the very flattering though unwilling testimony of the counterfeiters. Nevertheless buyers should be forewarned and placed on their guard against this practice.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Each package bears the signature of G. VENARD.

Eli Goddard's Forfeit

The youthful portion of the town of Liberty Centre was in a high state of excitement one evening day of February, for Kitty Baldwin had sent unnumbered to them on lemon colored paper, with a bunch of hyacinths in the left hand upper corner, that the pleasure of their company was requested on the following Tuesday Now it was a long time since a party had been given in Liberty Centre, for the reason that Judge Dyke's daughter had given the last one, and it had been done in such a style of magnificence that no one could surpass it, so they would give none at all But Kitty Baldwin had been spending two weeks at her cousin's in Boston and obtained some new ideas of which she was sure Amanda Dyke had never dreamed of, so she determined, on her return, to have a party several notches above the Dykes She suggested this to her father and he readily acquiesced, for he had just made a speech in the legislature on the 'Barbarism of smoking,' and he wanted to know the opinions of the neighbors So Kitty went to work at once, and made a list of those she wished to invite First she put down those who were classed as the "upper ten" of Liberty Centre but on second thought, she found that if she wished to amaze any one with the splendor of her entertainment, she had better include in her invitations every one that she knew On counting them up, she found that they numbered seventy If they all came, the rooms would be crowded, but she concluded that some would be sick, or have nothing to wear, or be otherwise engaged. The notes were, therefore, dispatched, and, as already stated, the announcement was electrifying to the town "Are you invited?" and, "What shall you wear?" were the only questions asked and answered Straight hair was kept in curl papers night and day, in order that it should be sure to curl on the important night Summer bonnets were robbed of their floral ornaments to furnish wreaths, kid gloves were rubbed clean with camphine, bright red looks were modified to "auburn" by the assiduous application of divers kinds of hair grease, breastpins were repaired, and everything done to make it as dazzling as possible The busiest scene was at Squire Baldwin's. Carpets were covered with sheeting, new red damask curtains were purchased to replace the old ones; astral and solar lamps were brought from secluded closets, spoons, *blanc mange* molds and *candelabra* were borrowed from the neighbors superfluous furniture was carried up stairs, and the whole house was swept and garnished.

Day and nights rolled on, and the long-washed for evening arrived. Squire Baldwin lighted up the white and blue candles on the mantelpiece, the solars and astrals began to shed their radiance, Miss Kitty, in white muslin, trimmed with cherry-colored ribbon, sat cautiously on a chair awaiting the arrivals. Pretty soon the bell rang, and the door being opened, a confused mass of hoods and cloaks hurried up stairs. The bell rang again and again; sometimes a dozen would meet on the door-step, and sometimes a solitary bachelor would come in. By and by an alarming knock was given on the door, accompanied by a vigorous pull at the bell. This was Eli Goddard, and a word or two about him would not be amiss. He was a son of Parson Goddard, and one of the beaux of Liberty Center. He was a noble, generous nature, but was the most awkward fellow imaginable. He was always stumbling and blundering, and his hands were like the hands on the clock on the Fitchburg Railroad depot in Boston, never in the right place. The girls all laughed at him, and none of them more than Carrie Brooks—a wild, brilliant, fun-loving girl who had a keen sense of the ludicrous, which sometimes overcame the better feelings of her heart.

Eli Goddard admired Carrie, and tried to manifest it, but he did not know how, and made himself ridiculous by his funny attempts. Carrie had many other suitors, and although they were jealous of each other, not one of them was jealous of Eli. They thought so lively a girl as Carrie would not regard such an unsophisticated youth, so long as they were about with their stylish clothes, massive finger-rings and scarf pins. In reality, Carrie cared nothing for outward show, and in thinking over the character and habits of the young men of her acquaintance, she had often decided in her own mind, that Eli Goddard was the most sensible, upright and virtuous of all. He was never seen in idle or dissolute company; never played billiards in the tavern, was always posted on all subjects of history and philosophy, and stood at the head of the academy as a scholar. She lamented his gawky ways, and sometimes wondered if something could not be done to remedy them, and she would determine not to laugh at him again, but the next time she witnessed one of his mistakes, her merry laugh would burst forth.

As we were saying, Eli appeared. He had knocked on the knocker, and then, having espied the bell handle, he grasped it and gave it a jerk The wire worked very easy, and Eli came very near going backward over the steps. This seemed to disturb his equilibrium the whole evening. He tumbled twice in going up stairs, and when he came down to the parlor, he bowed first to the servant girl who was going out, having brought in a lamp.

At length the company being all assembled, it was suggested that games be played, and "Juniper tree" was decided upon, and a merry time they had of it for half an hour. Then the game of "Copenhagen" was substituted, during which gathers were ripped out, hoops dislocated, hair came down, blushes came up, and there was a good time generally. Carrie Brooks received the most kisses, and Augustus Hobbs seemed to be the most active in disbursing them. Eli Goddard succeeded in slapping Anna Breck's hand; and in chasing her for his reward, he tipped over the piano stool, pulled down the window curtains, and after a laughable struggle, had to content himself with kissing the back of her head

Then came "Blind Man's Buff," and Jared Wilcox was the first one blinded He stood for a moment in the middle of the room, and then made a sudden start to the right, followed by another to the left, but they eluded his grasp. He jumped around the room like a colt, the girls crowded into corners, jumped upon sideboards, window sills and book-cases, contriving all manner of ways to escape capture. Just at this moment Mrs. Curtiss, who lived over the way, came from the old folks' room to the parlor door, to see what she called the "carrying on." She was a neighborly old lady, and always liked to be around on great occasions. A cancer had destroyed her nose many years before and she wore a false one, made of silver, and covered with flesh-colored kid. Her spectacles were fastened to it in such a manner that it was difficult to detect the deception, and many who had known her for a long while were not aware of the real value of her nose At night when she retired, nose and spectacles came off together and were resumed in the morning.

Jared happened to make a dive in that direction, and grasped the old lady around the waist Before she could recover herself from the astonishment, Jared passed his hand over her face to ascertain whom he had caught, and in doing so, knocked off the spectacles, nose and all. A loud roar burst from the company. Wilcox pulled the bandage from his eyes, and on beholding what he had done, he rolled back on the carpet in convulsive laughter. Mrs. Curtiss picked up her property, and, without stopping to say "good bye," flounced out of the house, and hurried to her own domicile. It may be well here to state that she never visited the Baldwin's again, and no overtures from them could pacify her. She never forgot it.

Another game was started, succeeded by some playing on the piano and singing, until some one proposed playing forfeits, and the motion was accepted. Eli heard this with disma y, he had some experience in playing forfeits, and had found that redeeming them before a whole room full of folks was a difficult operation. However, he had to do as the rest did, and "Twirl the Platter" was the chosen game They each had a number

Eli's number was nine, and that number was called more frequently than any other, but Eli was as spry as a cat, and always caught the platter before it was done spinning. A large quantity of handkerchiefs, rings and pocknives were accumulated as pawns, but none of them belonged to Eli. At last Carrie Brooks' turn came to twirl it, she gave the dish a gentle twist, and called out "nine" Eli started, but the plate was motionless when he reached it, and he was called upon for a forfeit. He offered his large silk bandanna, and the game went on At length came the redeeming of the forfeits Seth Pike was elected judge and after being blindfolded so that he could not know to whom the forfeits belonged, he took a scarf Albert Carter held up a plain gold ring, and said:

"This is a lady's pawn, and what shall she do to redeem it?"

"She shall measure off four yards of love ribbon with Hiram Flagg, and cut it off every half yard," said the judge

Hiram immodestly stopped forward wiping his mouth with a bright yellow handkerchief, as if it was watering in anticipation of a delightful treat The ring belonged to Almira Shumway, a smart little girl, who advanced quite briskly to redeem her property They both appeared to understand how to measure love ribbon, and it was rumored that an extra yard was cut off, but, of course, it was a mistake in counting

"This is a gentlemen's forfeit, and what shall he do to redeem it?" said Albert Carter, holding up a pearl handle knife.

"He shall go to Rome," solemnly pronounced the judge.

Going to Rome means kissing every girl in the room The knife was Jared Wilcox's so he arose, looked carefully around as if to see which was the best end of the room to commence on, and choosing the Carrie Brooks side, he "went in" The first two or three he got pretty well, the next one was harder, and by the time he got through, his hair was ruffled and his shirt unruffled, his dicky broken down, and the bow of his neck tie under his left ear, and huge drops of perspiration stood upon his forehead He had done his work nobly, and kissed every girl in the room.

The next forfeit was Jon Budd's, to redeem which he was ordered to stand out in the room and repeat a verse of poetry Now, Joe was not a man of letters although he was clerk in the post office, and he knew nothing about poetry He hesitated and went forward, and after scratching his head a moment, delivered the following

"The Pilgrim fathers where are they?
The ships that brought them o'er the sea?
They still ride in the bay, as they sailed that day
With their hymns of lofty cheer"

In early childhood, Bud had learned by heart the two poems by Mrs Hemans on the 'Pilgrim Fathers' but in his confusion got the two mixed together

A loud burst of mirth from the assembly caused the discomfitted Budd to retreat to his seat The ides of the pilgrims still rolling in Massachusetts Bay was sufficient to keep the company merry for some time Then Susy Clark had to "make a plough" with George Dewey, and Mark Ahnus was bidden to read one of Artemus Ward's letters aloud without laughing which of course he couldn't do, so the judge excused him after a few attempts

All this time Eli sat in fear and trembling, his red bandanna remained untouched, and he hoped that something would occur to disturb the game before the forfeit was proclaimed At length all were disposed of but his. Carter held it up and said:

"This is the last forfeit—a gentleman's, what shall he do to redeem it?"

"Now, Seth Pike, the judge, had been wondering where Eli Goddard's handkerchief was, so when he heard that this was the last forfeit, he felt sure it was Eli's. He had reserved for him a task which he knew from experience was a hard one to perform, especially for any one disposed to diffidence, so he sentenced Eli to "bow to the wittiest, kneel to the prettiest, and kiss the one he loved best." Eli's breast beat violently How could he perform such a task before such a room full? How could he dare to kiss Carrie Brooks in a public assembly, when he had never been courageous enough to attempt such a thing in private, and he would kiss no one else, for that would not be acting the truth, and Eli was very strict on matters of truth. He did not know what to do! All eyes were turned toward him, and every one was calling for him to redeem his pledge He made an effort and stood up, wishing himself anywhere but there, when, to his delight, a servant announced that supper was ready Mrs. Baldwin requested the gentlemen to take partners for the supper room, and it was decided that Eli should redeem his forfeit afterward.

As usual on such occasions, all the pretty girls were secured by the experienced party goers, and the young timid gentlemen had to put up with what there was left. Fortunately Eli was quite near to Carrie, and to her he offered his arm On their way to the room he found that they were out of step, and in making a hop to get into step, he trod on Sarah Blake's dress, who was in front and ripped it nearly off the waist. While stopping to apologize, and find a pin to repair damage, the crowd passed on, and when Eli reached the room with her fair companion, they were obliged to station themselves on the outer edge of the circle, near the door.

The table presented a dazzling appearance Pyramids of *blanc mange*, and monuments of ice-cream towered above ramparts of nice jelly and *charlotte russe*—sponge cake, stewed oysters, nuts, apples and oranges, were placed in admirable confusion. The gentlemen were expected to help their partners. Carrie said she would like some oysters, and some frozen pudding.

Poor Eli was completely nonplussed He had heard of oyster stews, and knew them by sight, but as for frozen pudding, he didn't know what in the world that could be, but he decided to do his best, so he elbowed his way to the table, and after some vain attempts he contrived to fill a saucer with oyster stew—and finding that it took all his skill to keep it from spilling, he thought it best to return with that, and then get the pudding, so he started for his partner. He was soon wedged in between a fat man and a pretty large sized lady he wanted a little for them to move, but they did not; he made a bold push, and would have got through nobly had not the exertion caused him to spill some of the hot oysters down the back of the fat lady's dress She screamed and startled Eli so that he jumped and knocked the arm of the fat gentleman just as he had his fork raised to his mouth, consequently the fork was forced towards its length down the gentleman's throat, taking away in its course a large portion of cuticle.

It is needless to record the exact words uttered on the occasion, but Eli stammered out an excuse and struck out in another direction At last he reached Miss Brooks and presented her with a saucer, when lo! there was only one oyster remaining in it, and no spoon, the rest had been lost during the perilous passage. We cannot describe Eli's dire confusion. Perhaps some estimate can be made of it when we say his complexion inside the new red damask curtains looks faded. He laid the plate on the corner of the mantel, and uttering some inarticulate sentences, he made his way to the table, determined upon securing the frozen pudding Seeing a fork he stuck it into several nondescript looking mixtures, but they were all too soft to be frozen.

When Kitty was purchasing her confectionery she happened to see in a window a very handsome circular loaf of cake, intensely ornamented with cupids and gilt, on inquiring its price, she was informed that it was composed of *ingnum-vitæ*, and only used for a show Kitty thought it would look well in the center of the supper table, so she hired it for the purpose It was about as large as the crown of a hat, and weighed three or four pounds. Eli aimed his fork at this, and finding it impenetrable, concluded that it must be a frozen pudding, surely, so taking a knife he endeavored to procure a slice, but found that he could not get off a crumb. He then concluded that it was not very large, and if Miss Carrie did not eat the whole she could leave this part, so he deposited it on a dish and set out on his return trip, and trip it proved to be, too, for when he got within ten feet of his destination, his foot caught in a lady's flounces and threw him forward a step or two; the impetus slid the *ignum vitæ* cake off the dish, and it landed plump on the foot of the same old gentleman whose throat received such violent treatment only a few moments before His exasperation was only exceeded by the laughter of the company, who, although they sympathized with both of the sufferers, could not control themselves at such a ludicrous scene. Eli rushed to the door, and hurrying to the parlor, seated himself on a sofa, and covering his face with his hands, bewailed his ill-luck, and wondering how it was that he should be so gawky and clumsy, while all his fellows went through so gracefully. What would Carrie think of him? How could he bear to meet her again, or how could he ever hope that she would love him? While he was asking himself these questions, he felt a gentle hand on his arm, and looking up he saw that Carrie stood beside him.

"Eli," said she, in her sweet and musical voice, "you must not feel so bad about your mishaps, every one is liable to them more or less, and as they are not errors of the heart, they are soon forgotten, and do not injure the character of the person. It is much better to commit a few awkward blunders than to carry, under a graceful exterior, a deceitful, hardened, or envious heart. For my part, I am really sorry you were so unlucky, and although I could not help laughing with the rest, at old Twiner's grimaces, when that cake fell on his gouty toe, I pitied you both, ever so much."

Eli was astonished at these words from Carrie Brooks, the very girl he loved so much, the belle of the party, and the one of all others that appeared not to care for him. The few simple words she had uttered had dispelled all the gloom which had discouraged him, and he felt as if, with her to pity him, he could encounter any quantity of laughter and derision

"Carrie," said he, "I thank you very much for your kindness, both in forgiving and pitying me for my misfortunes, but I am not through yet When I get back they will be sure to call upon me for my forfeit, and I cannot reveal the secrets of my heart before all the company—what can I do?"

"I'll tell you," said Carrie, "you can bow to, kneel to, and kiss the girl you sit nearest to, it will not take a minute, and then we are going to have a cotillion, and no one will think anything about it"

"I would willingly do that, Carrie, provided that you was the one that I should sit the nearest to."

It was now Carrie's turn to blush, and Eli could hardly believe his own ears but the words were uttered, and he wisely thought he had better go on and say the whole

"For the truth is, Carrie," said he "I do love you the best, and have for a long time, but I thought you did not care anything for me while so many fashionable young men are so attentive to you Whenever I attempted to show my preference, I was sure to make some funny mistake which would cause much laughter, but Carrie, if you can assure me that I have not loved you in vain and that my hopes for the future may be blended with yours, then I will prove to you that your confidence in me is not misplaced and my constant care shall be to make myself worthy of you"

"I do assure you, Eli," replied Carrie, placing her hand in his, "that I feel proud of your love, and will give you in return all that my poor heart can afford"

Eli imprinted a kiss upon her mouth, and as if by magic, his feelings of awkwardness and embarrassment fell from him He was like another man, and felt as if he could make a speech in the town hall, kiss a room full of girls and carve a turkey without making a single mistake

A few more words passed between the lovers when laughing voices warned them that somebody was coming

Well, Carrie," said Eli, I shan't be afraid to redeem my forfeit now"

The parlor was now filled with guests returned from the supper table, and an order was issued that Seth Pike remanded that that the last forfeit remained unredeemed and to redeem it, Eli Goddard was to "bow to the wittiest kneel to the prettiest and kiss the one he loved best"

Eli quickly arose and then remarked that such a task was very easy to perform, inasmuch as there was but one in the room on whom he could bestow all three homages, crossed to where Carrie sat, made a graceful bow, and then bent his one knee, raised her hand to his lips and kneeled till he then returned to his seat as easily and safely as any dancing master could have done Every one was astonished but Carrie and Eli No one laughed, but several cried "good!" and "that was well done!"

Almira Shumway now seated herself at the piano, and commenced playing Hail Columbia!' A cotillion was soon formed, and the evening terminated with a merry dance

When Augustus Hobbs and William Steel, and a few other young men asked the pleasure of escorting Miss Brooks home, they were so pained to hear that she was engaged, and their chagrin at seeing Eli Goddard in the carriage office was greatly increased the next day, when they learned what Carrie had told them was literally true—she was engaged

In a pleasant home in Liberty Center live Mr and Mrs Eli Goddard and family, and when the children are unusually good they are rewarded with an account of the funny scenes at Kitty Baldwin's party

Murder of a Child by its Mother

From the Wheeling *Intelligencer* of December 9th we learn the following particulars of a most horrible and desperate murder and attempted suicide which occurred at the Packer Hotel, in that city

A woman, who gives her name as Minnie Nugent, arrived there on Tuesday morning last on the Parkersburg boat, and took lodgings She had with her a little girl about three years old There was nothing especially unusual about her appearance, or that created the least suspicion as to the horrible mission on which she had come After she had been assigned to a room, very little was seen of her by the inmates of the house She ate her breakfast, and also her dinner, having the child with her at both meals She did not come down to supper, nor to breakfast the next morning. The landlady, noticing her absence, sent up to her room to see if anything was wrong, and the chambermaid returned saying that the woman was asleep. Dinner passed off, and still the woman did not come down Thinking such long fasting a very unusual occurrence, the landlady went up to the room a second time with her chambermaid, and, knocking at the door, the woman came and opened it The situation of affairs was soon made known She pointed them at the door to the little girl lying dead in the bed, and at once confessed that she had murdered it on the previous evening, since which time she had been under the influence of opium, taken with the expectation of killing herself Indeed, the evidence of all she said was conclusive enough. She had been vomiting, and was at the time in a state of delirium from the effects of the drug Her child was lying in its blood stained night clothes in the bed from which she had just arisen, with three mortal dagger stabs through its left breast and side

The sight was horrible enough, and was made doubly so by the situation of the woman Confused as she was with opium, she was able to tell the history of the circumstance She related that her maiden name was Arbor, that her parents lived at Williamstown, in Wood county, in West Virginia, opposite Marietta, that four years ago she married a man name Nugent, against their consent, running away with him, and that two months after the birth of the little girl he had deserted her and never returned, that her mother had refused to become reconciled to her, and had never forgiven her marriage, but had made her home so intolerable that she could not live there, and had poisoned the minds of all her other relatives against her to such an extent that she had no place on earth to call a home, and was forced to go out in the world and seek a subsistence She had gone out, and had found that there was no place for her, nothing that she could do, and she could not bear to beg her way from place to place. Rendered thus desperate by brooding over her hopeless prospects, and anxious not to leave her little daughter to a life worse, perhaps, than death, she calmly resolved to end both their lives, and after making up her mind to this effect, came to Wheeling to carry out her resolve. She purchased a small dagger and also several papers of powdered opium, and seems to have made minute preparations for death, as the documents published seem to indicate. She said that for several hours after arriving she could not bear to kill her child, and yet she felt that she must do it She waited until it fell asleep, and then putting on its night clothes and placing it in bed, bent over it, and kissed it several times before plunging the dagger in its heart, as she finally did. The child, she said, made no cry, only moaned, and, with scarcely a struggle died to death She had stabbed it three times, twice in the left lung and once in the heart. She says that before she took its life she knelt down and prayed over it, and also repeated her prayer after she had inflicted the wounds, and that she had kissed away its last expiring breath.

After the perpetration of this horrible and unnatural deed, she took the opium with which she proposed to take her own life, and then lay down beside her dead child to die. For some cause, either from an overdose of the opium or else from an insufficient amount of it, she failed to accomplish her intentions of suicide She had vomited a great deal, and seemed to have thrown up most of the poison. Several powders, with directions to a female handwriting, were found among her effects, as were also a number of letters She is a young woman, aged only about twenty-one, rather illiterate, and evidently unbalanced in her mental and moral organization

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at o'clock P. M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M

Ellison Encampment No. 1, I. O. of O. F.—Meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 7 o'clock P M Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend By order of C P

Portland Lodge No. 30, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the W C T

Multnomah Lodge No. 14, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7 o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend By order of W C T
Portland, Nov 7, 1866 dtf

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend and By order of N G

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars' Hall corner Alder and Front streets, the First and Third Mondays in the month Degree members in good standing are invited to attend non Staff

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month By order of M E H P

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of Jan 7 1867 dtf N G

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend By order of W M

Crystal Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7 o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the au17 V T

Purge out the Morbid Humors of the Blood, by a dose or two of AYER'S PILLS, and you will have clearer heads as well as better

For Sale or Rent.

MR. HENDEE, Photographer, Corner of First and Morrison streets, opposite the Western Hotel being desirous of changing his present business on account of ill health, offers his entire establishment for sale or rent. For cash down will sell his entire stock, apparatus and fixtures in the Photographic business, on reasonable terms He has just got newly and conveniently fitted up in as good a location as there is in Portland, and as fine a light as can be made All persons wishing his services must call soon as he will quit taking Pictures for a time at least D H HENDEE
Portland, Jan 5, 1867 dtf

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 Between Davis & dawtf

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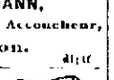
DR. A J. HOFFMANN,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Dallas, Oregon.
w-y-1 dly1f

J. F. KELLOGG,



DENTIST,
Main Street, Dallas City.

OFFICE—IN THE ROOMS FORMERLY OCCUPIED by Dr Gurley
Dr K has had sixteen years experience as a Dentist Work Warranted Charges Reasonable
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DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square and Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate
Portland Jan 10 1864 dtf

DR. G W. BROWN
HAS locate in Portland, in CARTER'S NEW BUILDING for the permanent cure of all private diseases and syphilis & mercurial great attention to the class call the attention of those suffering, with

DISEASES OF THE EYES

I call at his office until 10 at once restored. Surgical operation SKILLFULLY performed on the EYES for film cataract strabismus or cross eye

I have some of the cases in which I failed to restore sight in my practice in which I tried all means of a cure, and all many doctors and all of no effect, and I operated on the most of I had. Finally, I had to become a county charge, and when I was taken to Dr G W Brown, and started my case to him, and information he at once commenced to treat my eyes, and now I am well, and can see all those that are suffering with diseases of the eyes to call on Dr G W Brown The reason why I do this is to let suffering humanity know where they can be cured J B JOHNSON

STATE OF OREGON, Marion County ss—Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of November 1866
SETH R HAMMER Notary Public

SALEM Feb 10, 1866

This is to certify that my daughter was almost blind for over seven years and was declared by other physicians with no ob aining any relief until finally I took her to Dr G W Brown who examined her case and at once began to give her treatment, and in her sight has been entirely restored I do this to let those who are suffering with diseases of the eyes know where they can obtain a cure as I have been three years since her eyes were cured, and they are yet sound.
THOMAS LIVINGSTON,
Deer Creek Precinct, Douglas county Oregon
SALEM July 23 1866

This is to certify that I was blind for four months and almost blind for one year and a half, I tried several eye doctors but received no benefit, I had also given up as hopeless when fortunately I heard of Dr G W Brown, now of Salem I was induced to try him, he performed a surgical operation on my eyes and gave me treatment I soon began to recover, and in a short time I was perfectly cured I do this in justice to one who rescued me from a fate worse than death, and also for the benefit of those who are laboring under similar afflictions that they may know where they can get relief It is now almost eight months since my eyes were cured and I have not felt them so good I can see to read the finest print without difficulty, and my eyes can bear the strongest light without pain
ALEXANDER MITCHELL
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of July, A D 1866 SETH R. HAMMER,
dec1 1f Notary Public

To Soldiers Claiming Bounties
UNDER THE
EQUALIZATION BOUNTY BILL!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECENTLY returned from Washington City where he has made the proper arrangements for the collections of the Extra Bounty of $100 all owed to all soldiers enlisted after the 19th day of April, 1861 for a period of not less than three years and $50 for soldiers enlisted for a period of not less than two years.

Persons entitled to the benefits of said Bounty will find it to their interest to attend to its collection at once. Having an Agent at Washington and personal knowledge of the mode of making collections through the Departments I can get returns promptly

☞ Call with your Discharge, and two witnesses for identification, at the Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*, No 9 Washington St., Portland
A BUSHNELL, Claim Agent.

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE PAYMENT OF BOUNTIES, UNDER THE ACT TO EQUALIZE BOUNTIES, APPROVED JULY 28, 1866

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, September 10, 1866

1 All applications shall be filed within the period of six months, from the 1st day of October, 1866, and before any payments are made shall be classified by regiments, battalions, or other separate organizations, and no application filed after that period shall be settled until after the former shall have been paid.

2 No application shall be entertained unless accompanied by the original discharge of the soldier and the affidavits required by the fourteenth section of the Act, and the further affidavit that he has not received, nor is he entitled to receive from the United States, under any laws or regulations prior to the Act of July 28, 1866, more than $100 bounty for any and all military service rendered by him during the late rebellion, over and above the amount therein claimed

3 All applications for the additional bounty authorized by this Act from surviving soldiers shall be in the form hereinafter prescribed, and the evidence of identity shall be the same as is now required, and applications from the heirs of deceased soldiers shall be in the form now required by the Treasury Department

4 As soon as the examination of the claims of any regiment, or other independent organization, shall have been properly acted upon the Paymaster General shall take the necessary steps for their prompt payment.

5 A register shall be kept in the Paymaster General's office, and also in the office of the Second Auditor of all claims presented under the law, in which the claimants will be classified by regiments, etc. If the claims be allowed the amount of bounty paid to each will be noted, and if rejected the cause of rejection will be distinctly stated

6 In the applications for bounty, as required by the third of these rules, the affidavit shall state each and every period of service rendered by the claimant, and also that he never served otherwise than as herein stated

7 Organizations irregularly in the service of the United States, or called out for special purposes as State Militia, Home Guards, etc, and not included in the general bounty laws, are not included within the meaning of the Act.

8 Soldiers enlisted for "three years or during the war," who were discharged by reason of the termination of the war, shall be considered as having served out the period of their enlistment, and are entitled to bounty under this Act

9 In the minority of heirs, claimants for bounty under this Act, must be proven to have existed at the date of the passage Parents shall receive jointly the bounty to which they may be entitled as heirs, unless the father has abandoned the support of his family, in which case it shall be paid to the mother Non residence in the United States shall not be a bar to the claim of heirs, who would otherwise legally inherit.

The provisions of the Act exclude from its benefits the following classes

1 Those who, after serving the full period of their enlistment, were dishonorably discharged or at its expiration

2 Those discharged during enlistment by way of favor or punishment

3 Those discharged on account of disability contracted in the service but not occasioned by wounds received in the line of duty, who shall not have previously served two or three years respectively at the time of discharge

4 Those discharged on account of disability existing at the time of their enlistment

5 The heirs of those who have died since their discharge of wounds or disease not contracted in the service and in the line of duty

6 The surviving soldiers and heirs of deceased soldiers who, under previous laws, have received or are entitled to receive a bounty of more than $100 from the United States

7 The surviving soldiers, as well as the heirs of deceased soldiers when such soldiers have bartered, sold, assigned loaned transferred, exchanged or given away their final discharge papers or any interest in the bounty provided by this or any other Act of Congress

8 The Act of the 28th of July 1866, creates no right of inheritance beyond those vested by the law under which these heirs received or were entitled to receive the original bounty, and defines certain classes, brothers and sisters of heirs that were entitled to receive the original bounty, from any claim for the additional bounty provided by this Act

Respectfully referred to the Attorney General for his opinion on the point whether the rules and regulations as within amended are in conformity with law
EDWIN M STANTON,
September 14, 1866 Secretary of War

I have examined these amended regulations, and am of opinion they are in conformity with law
HENRY STANBERY,
September 15, 1866 Attorney General

The foregoing rules and regulations are published for the information and guidance of all concerned
By order of the Secretary of War
E D TOWNSEND
Assistant Adjutant General

N. B.
Persons residing at a great distance can have their claims attended to by sending me their "Discharge," Postoffice address and place of enlistment.
A BUSHNELL

80 Tons
PURE LIVERPOOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE, by
Corner Firs nd Morrison Streets, nl No 9 Front Street

Fair Warning.

THE TAX PAYERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 11 can save costs by calling at my office No 11 Morrison street, and paying their tax before the 30th day of this month L M PARRISH,
Jan 5 1867 jan5dtd School Clerk

San Francisco.

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Louis M'Murray & Co.
OF BALTIMORE,

ARE ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE ENTIRE SAN Francisco public to be beyond comparison the best that come to this market That

THEIR EXCELLENCE IS NOT IMAGINARY,

Any one who has tried them will admit that the simple merit of their superiority, lies in the extreme care and in no case do the lauded puffing of their preparation Each can of the genuine has the signature of M'Murray & Co attached to the lower part of the label by which means all the imitations can be detected I assert this method with the more confidence, because I found on trial, by examining by which means the genuine differs from the counterfeit and the superiority of the latter is evinced.

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Manufacturers and Importers
OF
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS
Of every Description

ALSO IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH, French and American Fishing Tackle to which we give both wholesale and retail at 25 PER CENT BELOW ANY OTHER HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Dixon's Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks, and WOSTENHOLM & POCKET CUTLERY in great variety We are also the appointed agents for HENRY BEAR SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S PISTOLS all of which we offer at the Lowest Possible prices Orders executed with dispatch
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TO NEW YORK
VIA NICARAGUA!
EVERY 20 DAYS!
THE
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EDGAR WAKEMAN Commander,
SAILS
SATURDAY, JANUARY 19TH, 1867,
From Mission Street Wharf, San Francisco
jan12 dtf

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THREE SEAMS, SEWED WITH TWENTY-PLY Twine, and guaranteed to stand the pressure of 100 to 200 feet fall,
ONE TO THREE-PLY HOSE MADE
☞ All orders punctually attended to.
TENTS, AWNINGS, BAGS, and all kinds of Sewing to order.
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419 Front Street,
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Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments of Merchantable Produce.
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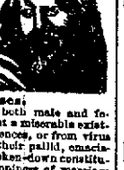
N W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TOOTH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS
REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c
CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours at lowest market rates
Cast-Steel Saw PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice
N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.
Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct
July 1st, 1866 —dtf N. W SPAULDING

Medical.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.
NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,



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for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

Horrible Diseases!

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, friends, attend to those who are suffering with any of those horrible life-destroying maladies as they are cared for and cured before it be too late. Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private disease his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practised by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing, with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, cough consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity. If relief be not obtained, should apply immediately, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and scientific mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and perfect cure Dr G will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure or make no charge

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Doctor Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued and have remedies promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use, for Ten Dollars, sent in registered letter or through Wells, Fargo & Co

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Consultations FREE

Prevention Better than Cure.

The newly invented Patent French Safe, a sure